



ENERGY

EMISSIONS

ECONOMY

EQUITY

2019 ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT
for VERMONT

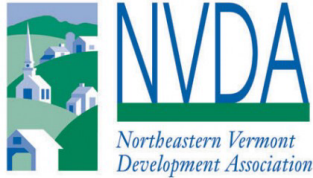
Energy Action Network Members

Over 100 Network Members



Energy Action Network Public Partners

Over 100 Public Partners





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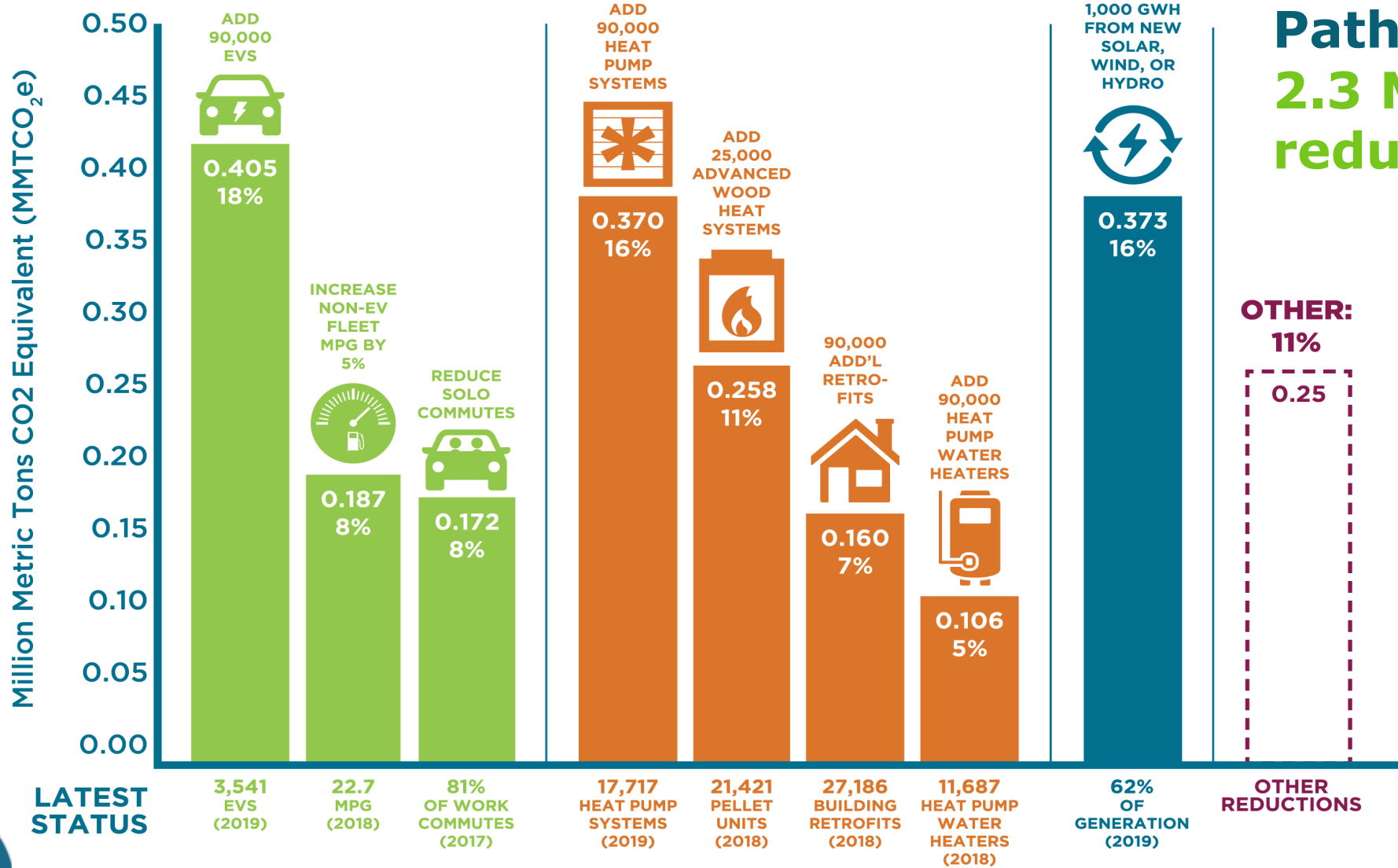
EQUITY

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TRANSPORTATION: 34%

THERMAL: 39%

ELECTRICITY: 16%



**Path to Paris:
2.3 MMTCo_{2e}
reduction by 2025**

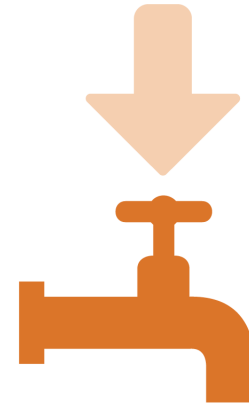
LATEST STATUS



Economic impacts of EAN's Path to Paris: 2020 - 2035



INCREASE in
in-state investment:
**\$323
million**



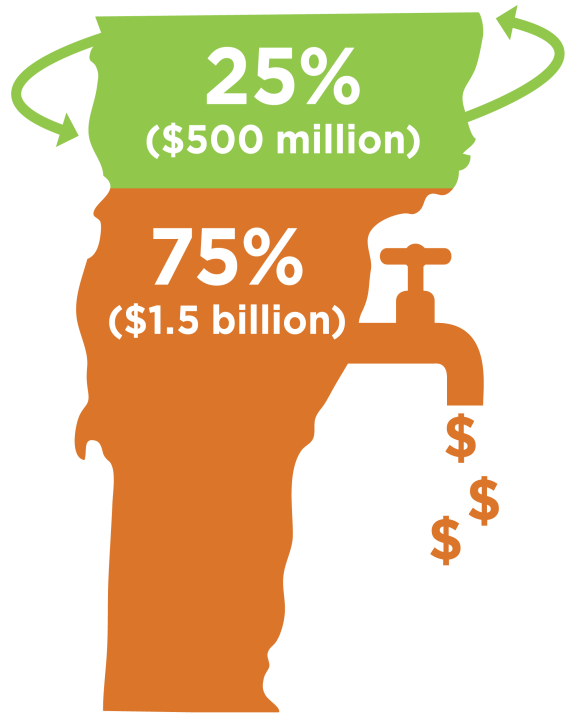
DECREASE in
out-of-state spending:
**\$1.115
billion**



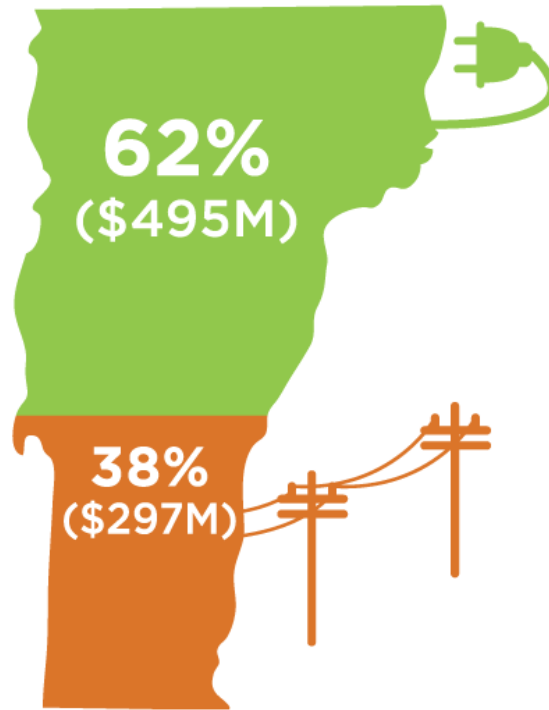
Net consumer savings:
**\$792
million**



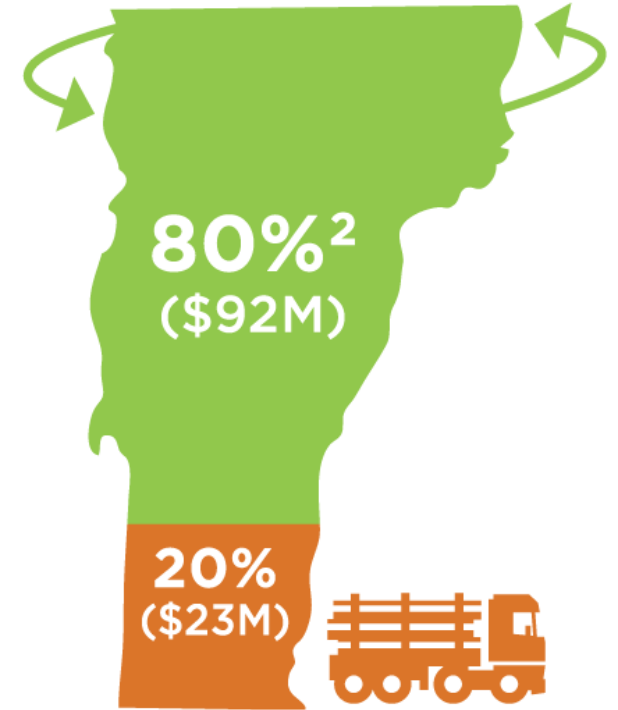
FOSSIL FUELS



ELECTRICITY

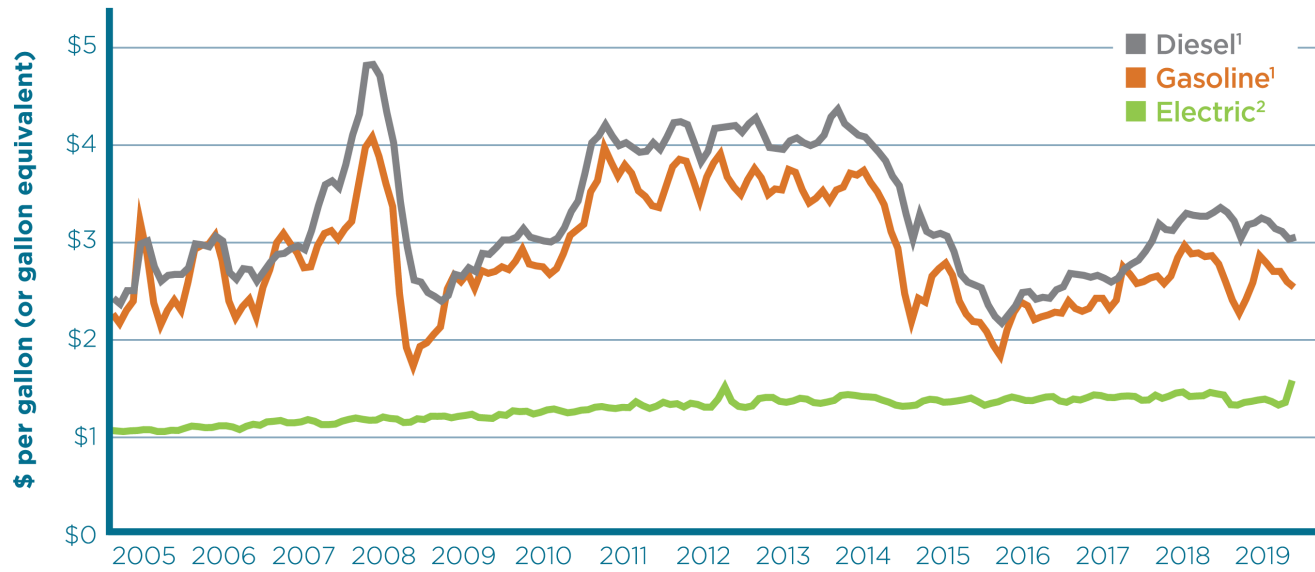


WOOD



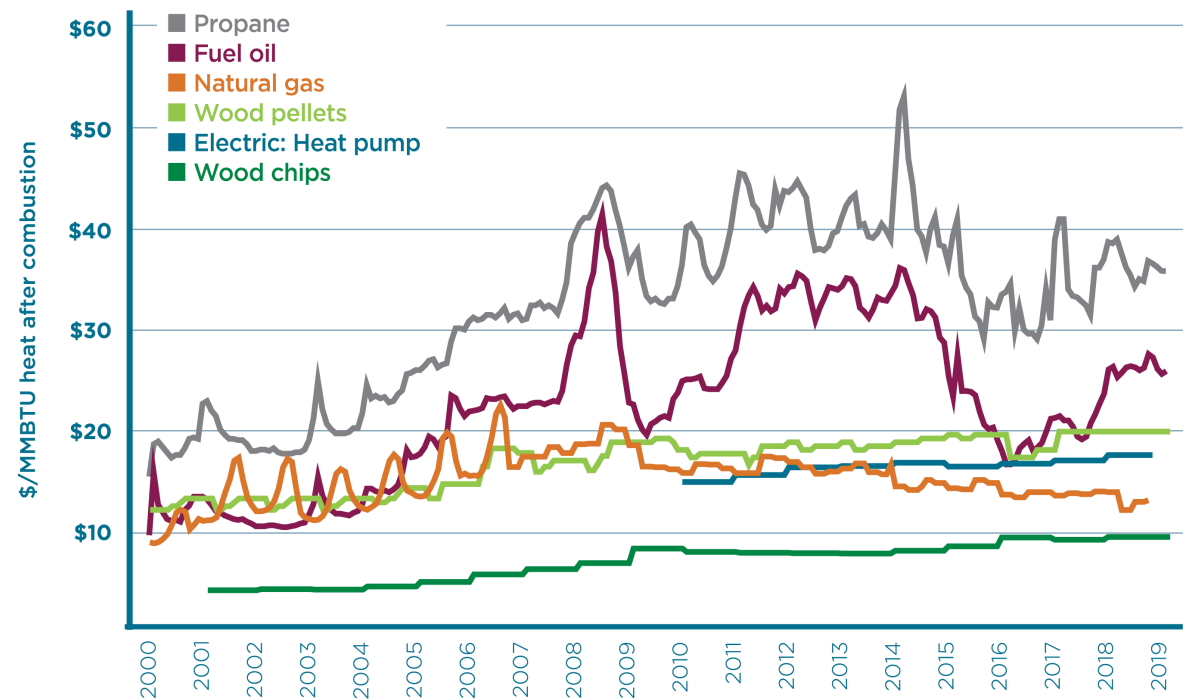
 Recirculates in the VT economy
 Leaves the VT economy



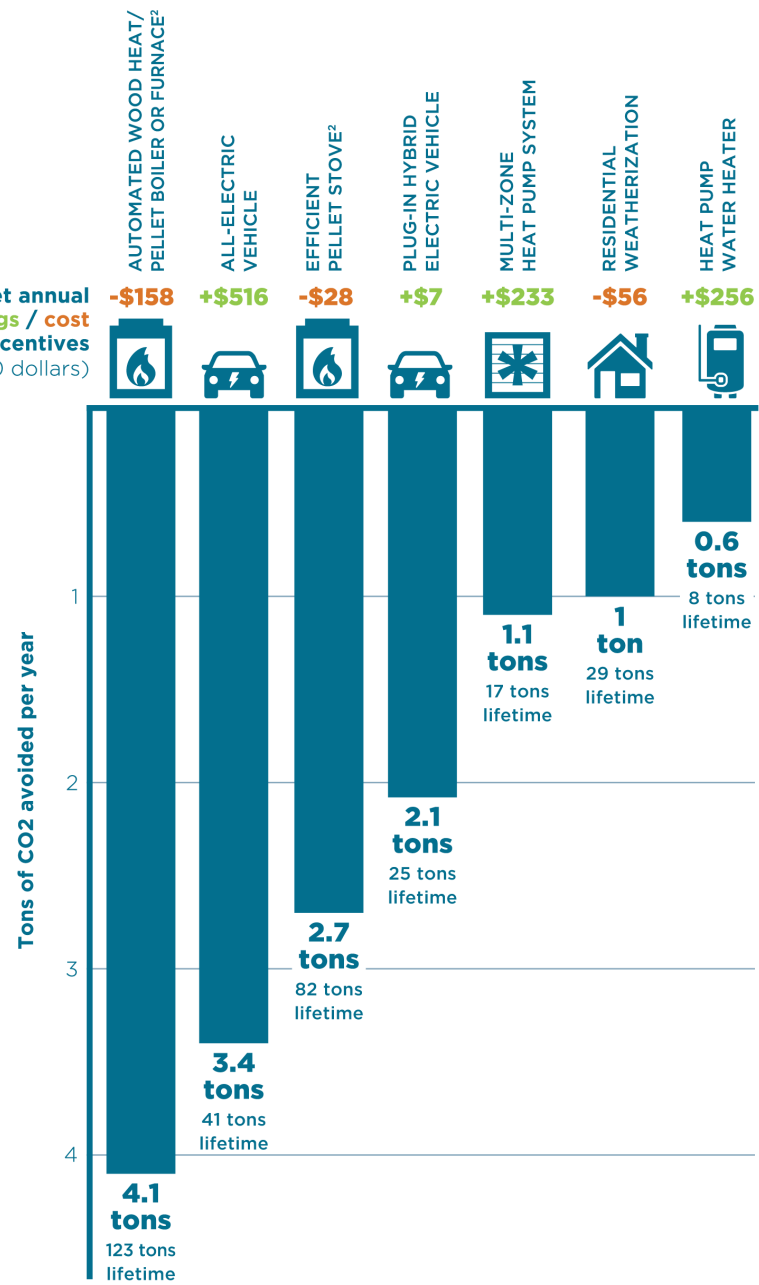


Electric vehicles are less expensive to drive than gas vehicles

Renewable heating options are lower cost and more stable than fossil fuel options



Net annual savings / cost before incentives (2020 dollars)



Individual \$ savings and GHG reductions from energy actions





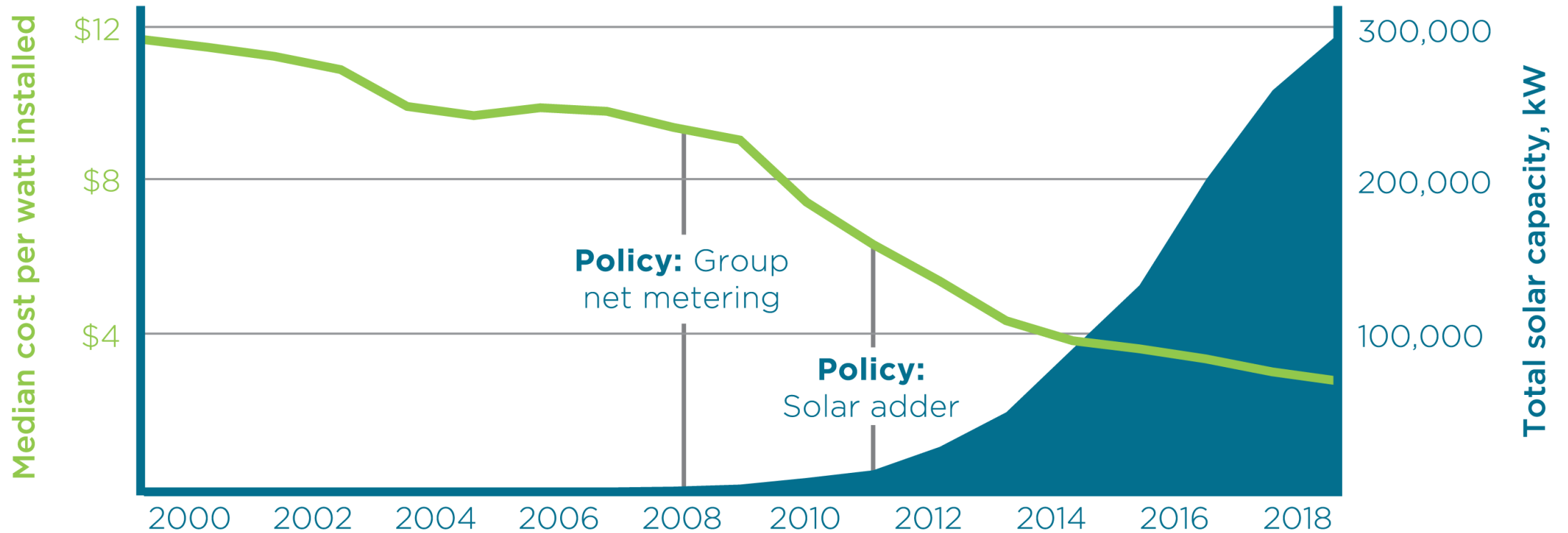
Total savings for a
VT household: Nearly

\$10,000

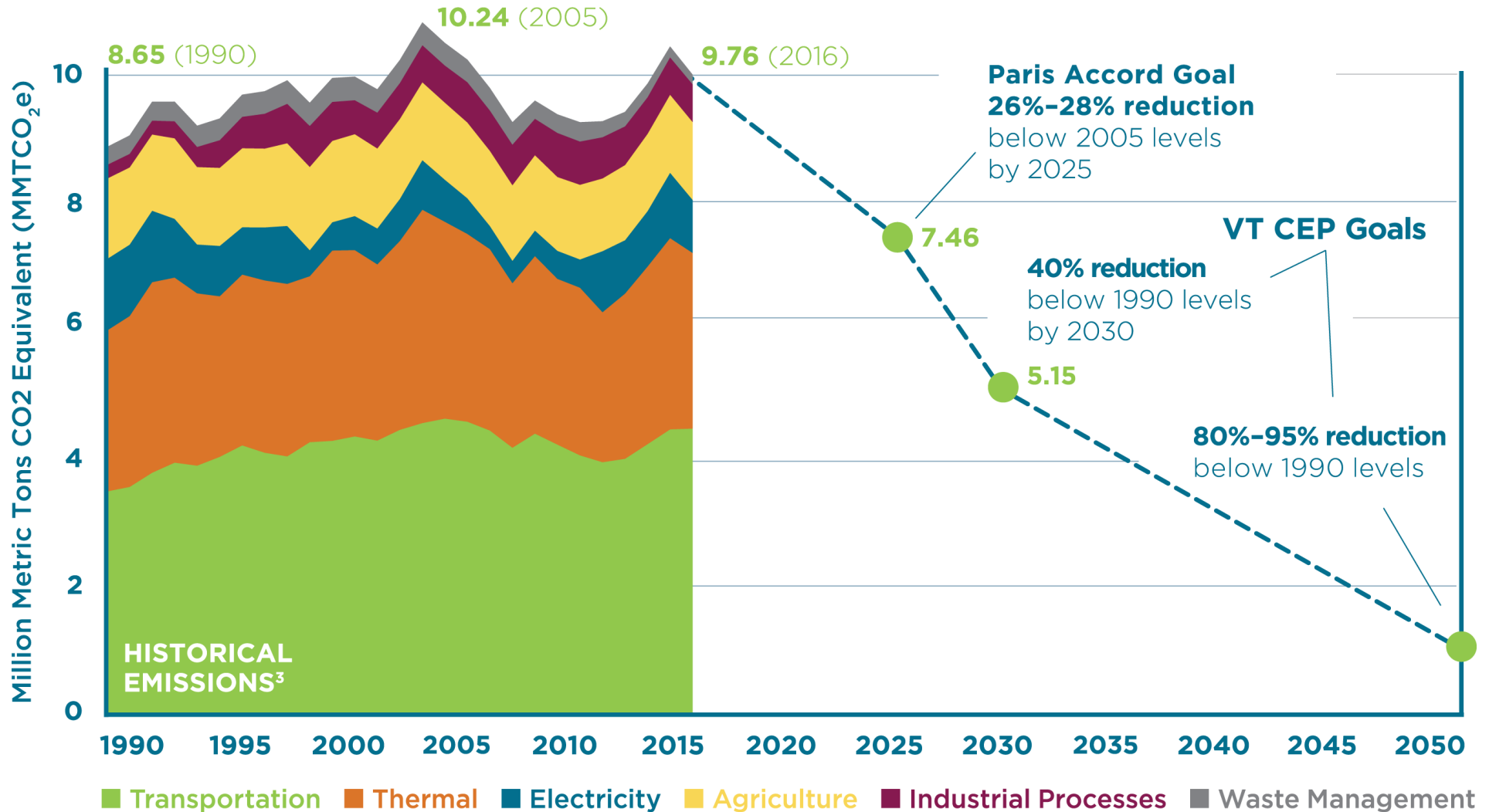
over 15 years



Decreasing costs and new policy support rapid growth of solar in VT

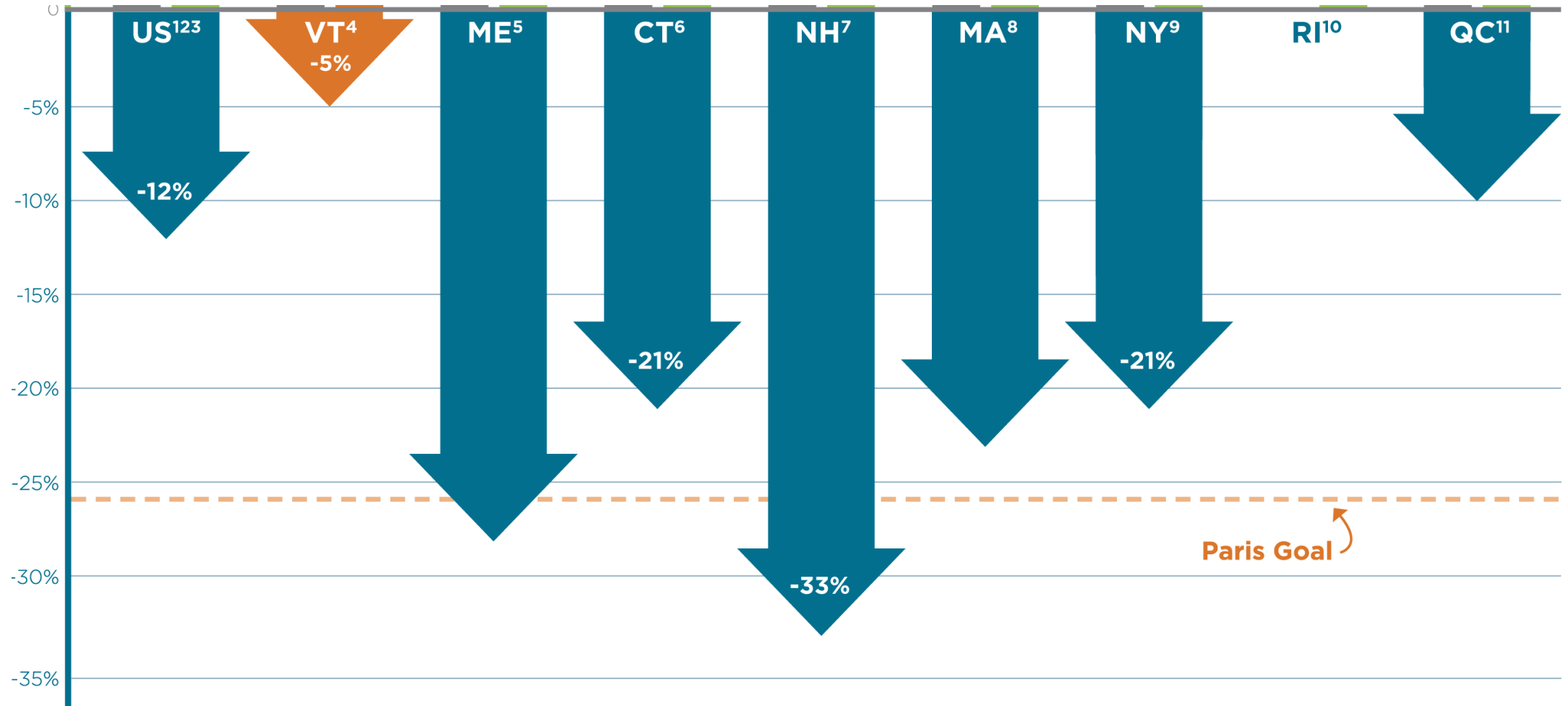


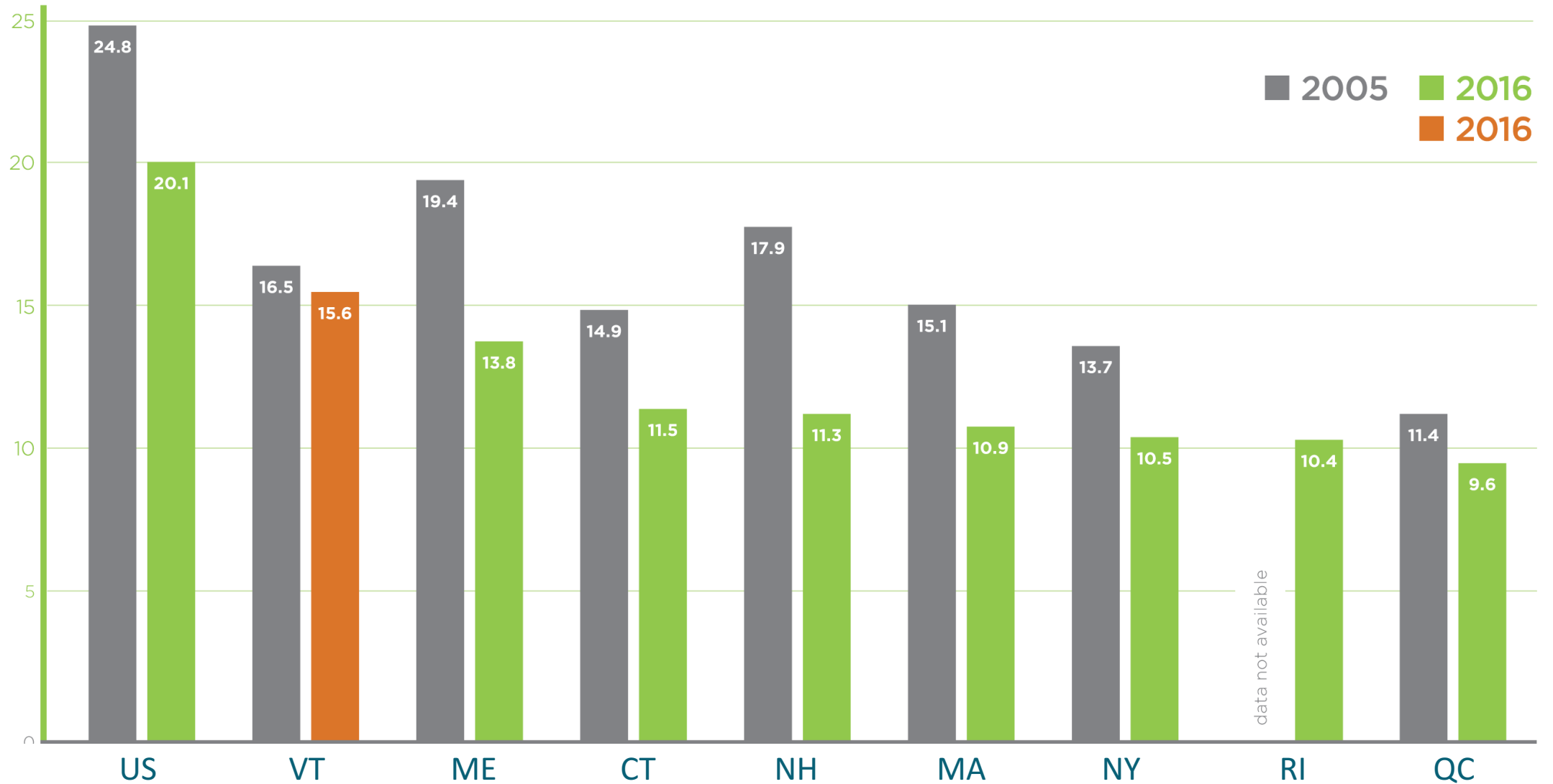
Now is the time for rapid emissions reductions beyond the electricity generation sector



Progress to Paris

Percent decrease in overall GHG emissions
(2016, compared to 2005 levels)



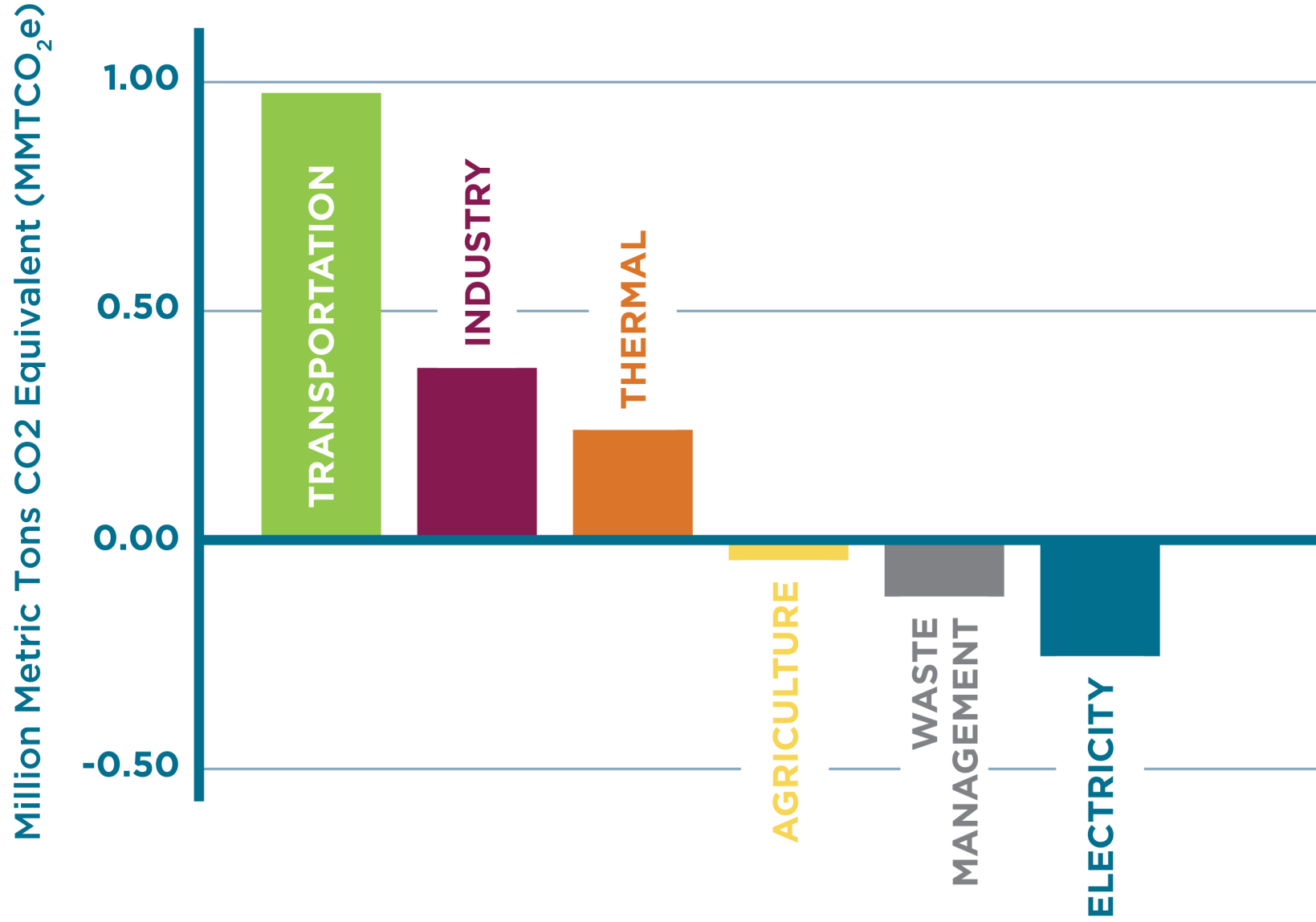


Per capita emissions

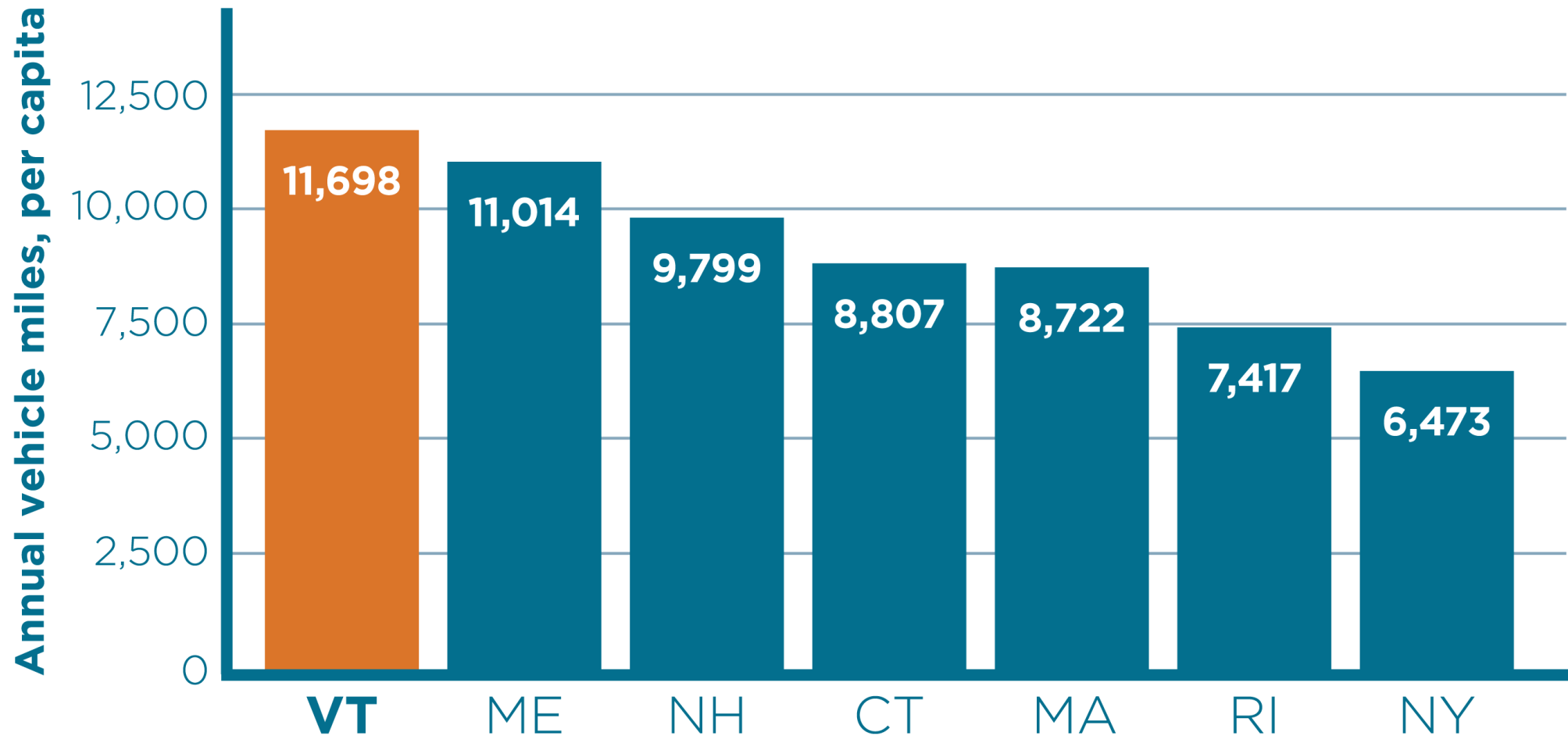
(metric tons CO2e per person)

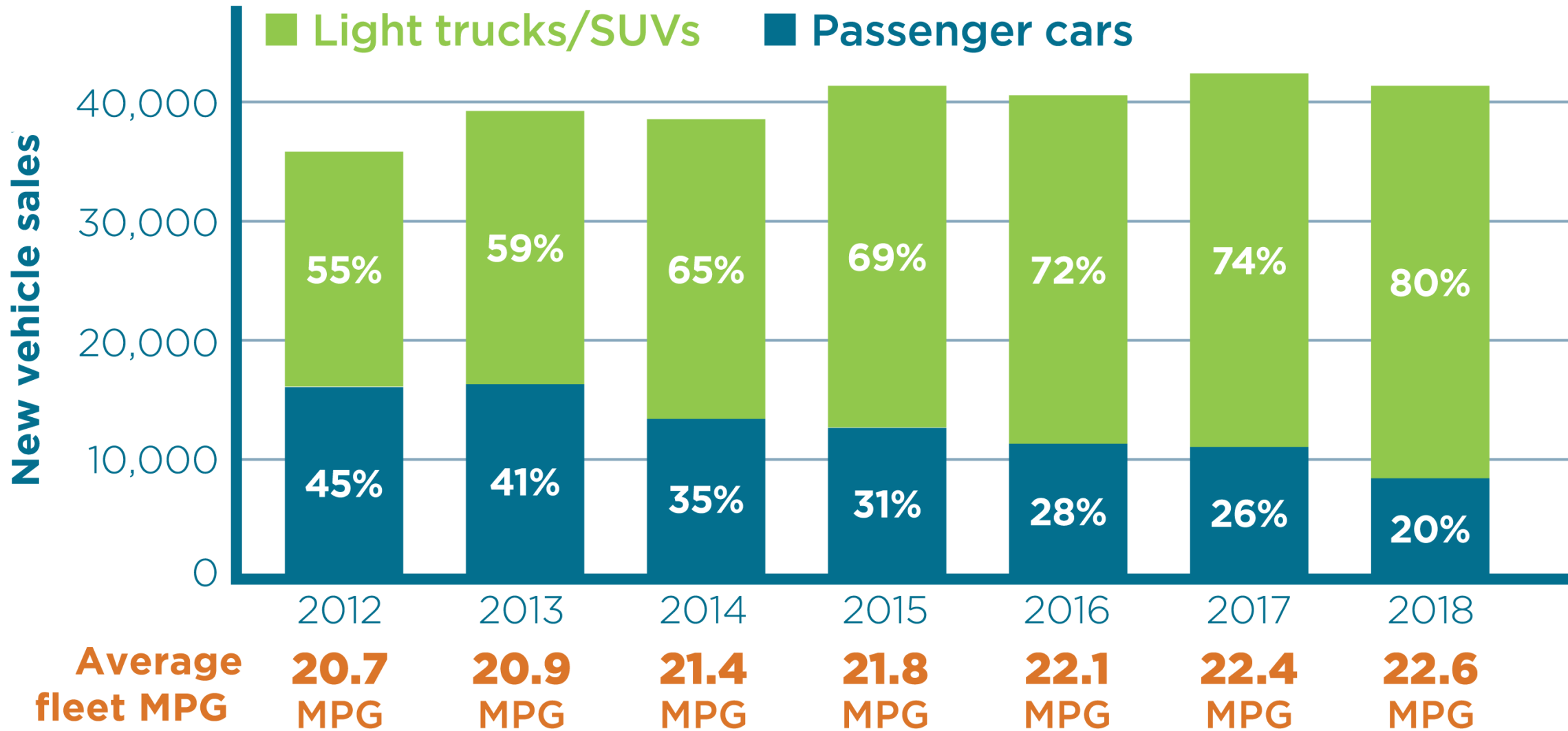


Total net change in VT GHG emissions, 1990 vs 2016: 1.11 MMTCO₂e

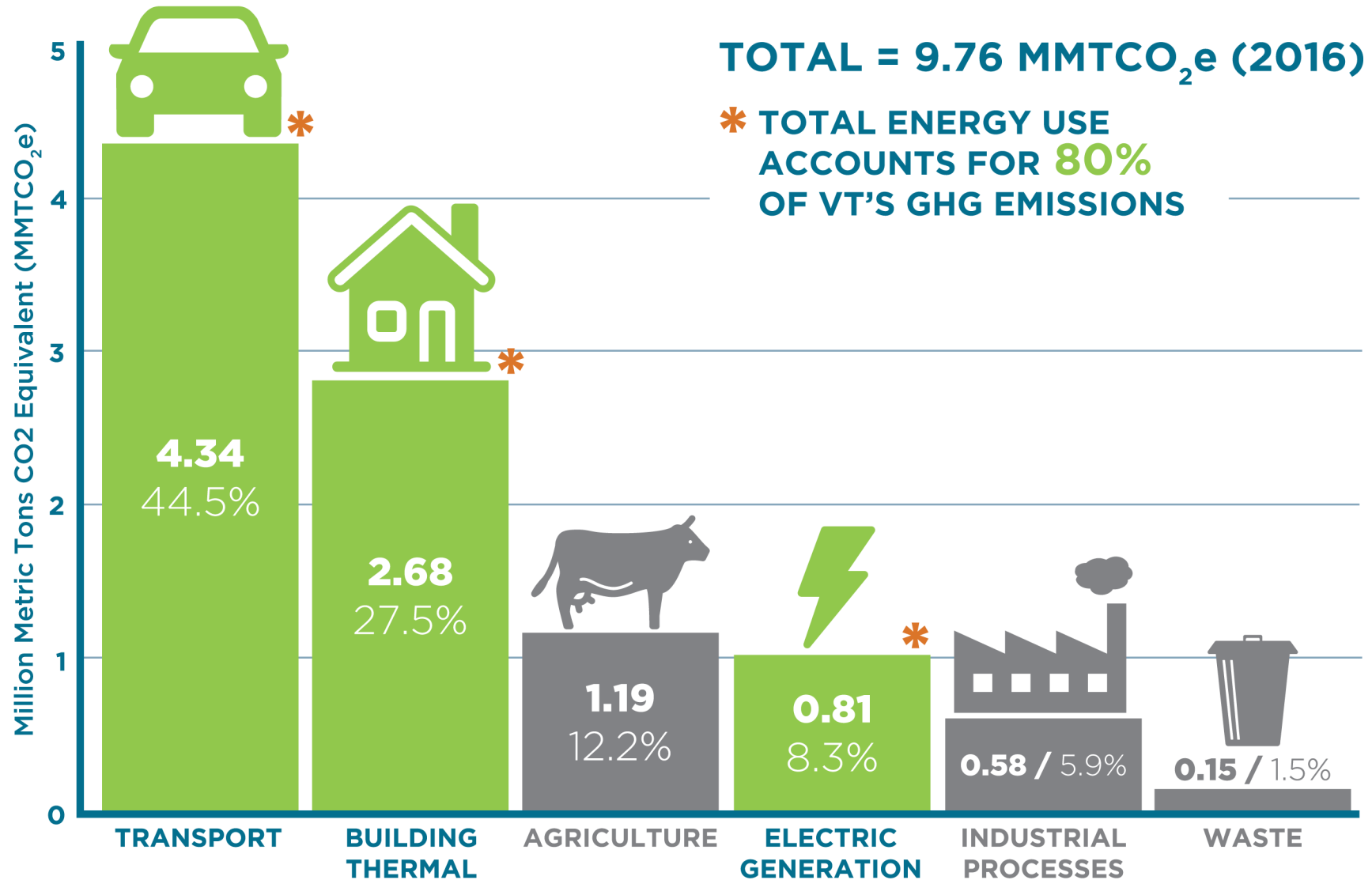


Vehicle miles traveled per capita, 2015



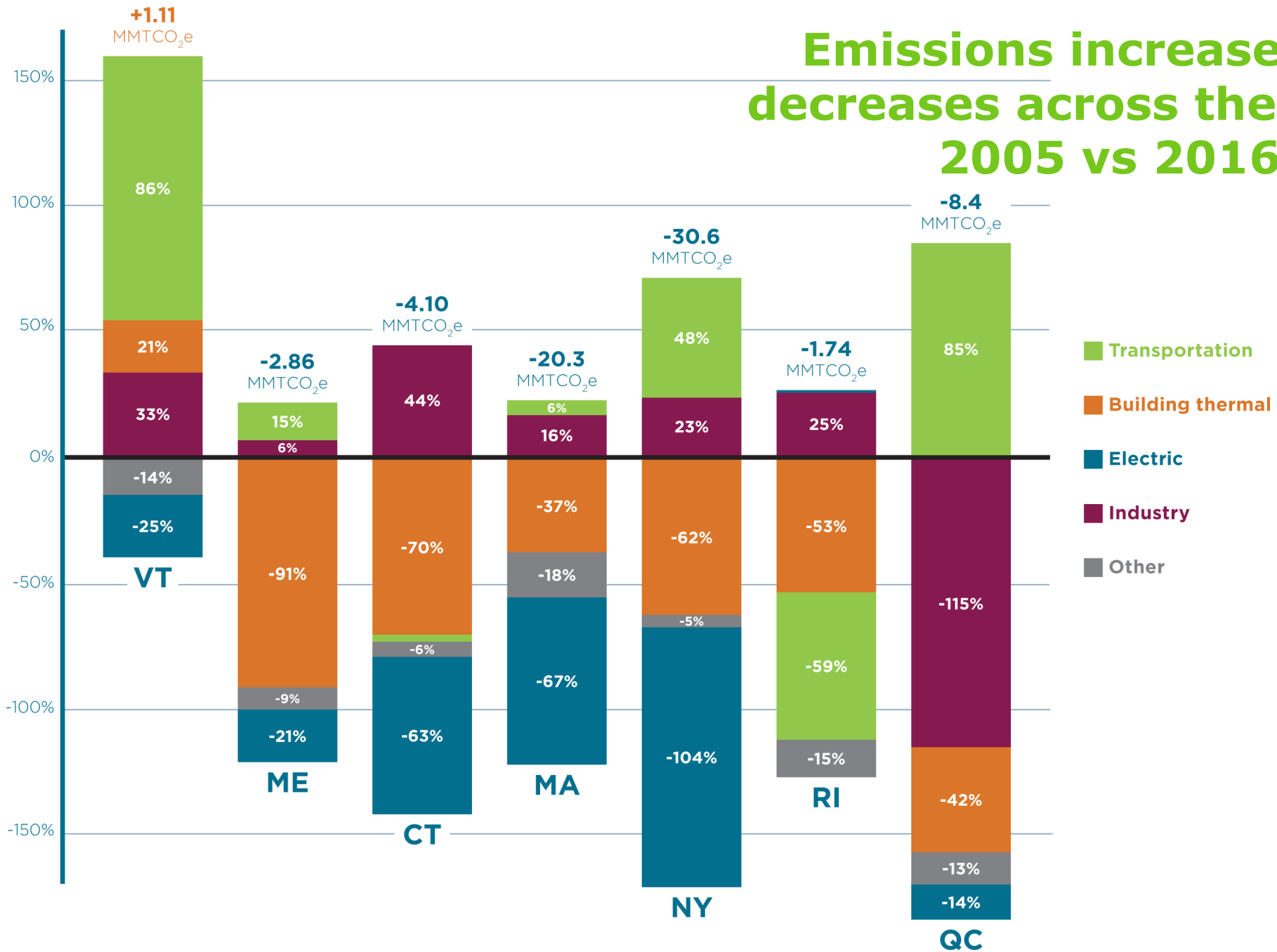


Vermont's GHG emissions by sector



Emissions increases and decreases across the region: 2005 vs 2016

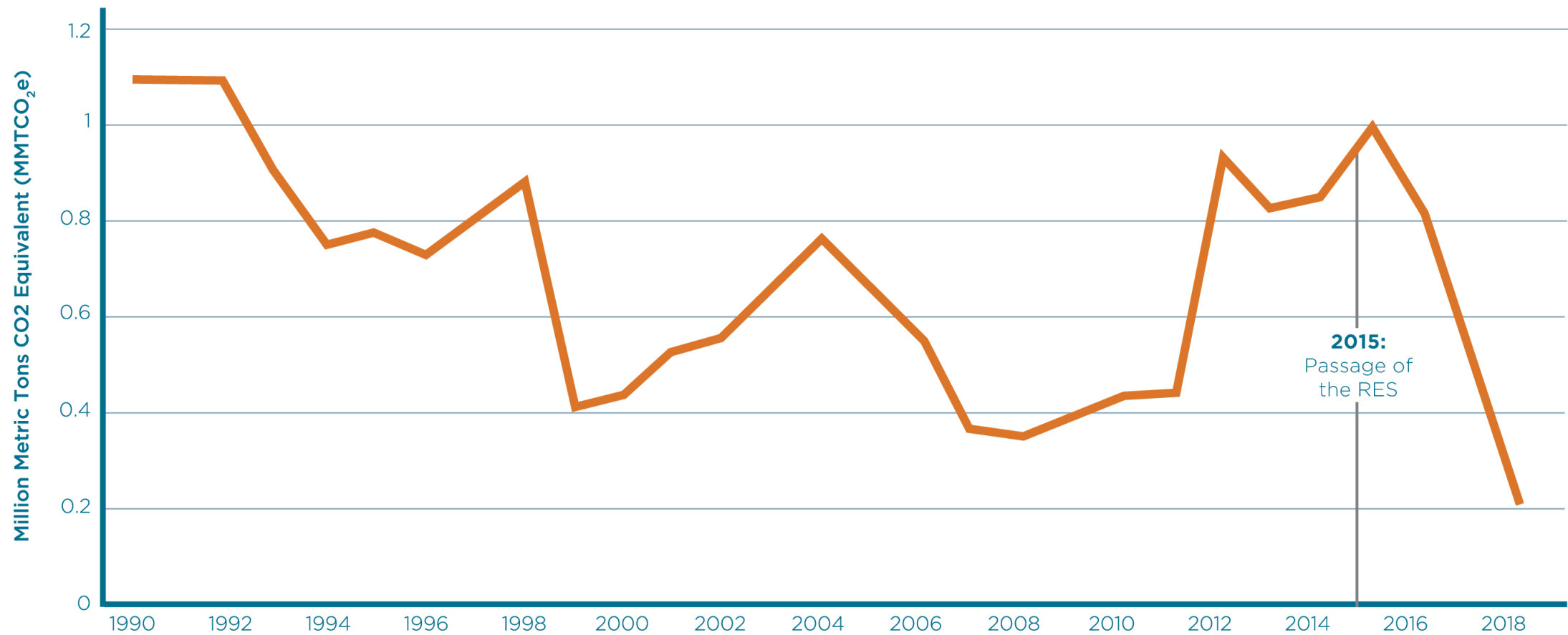
Percent share of net change in GHG emissions by sector, 1990-2016



- Transportation
- Building thermal
- Electric
- Industry
- Other



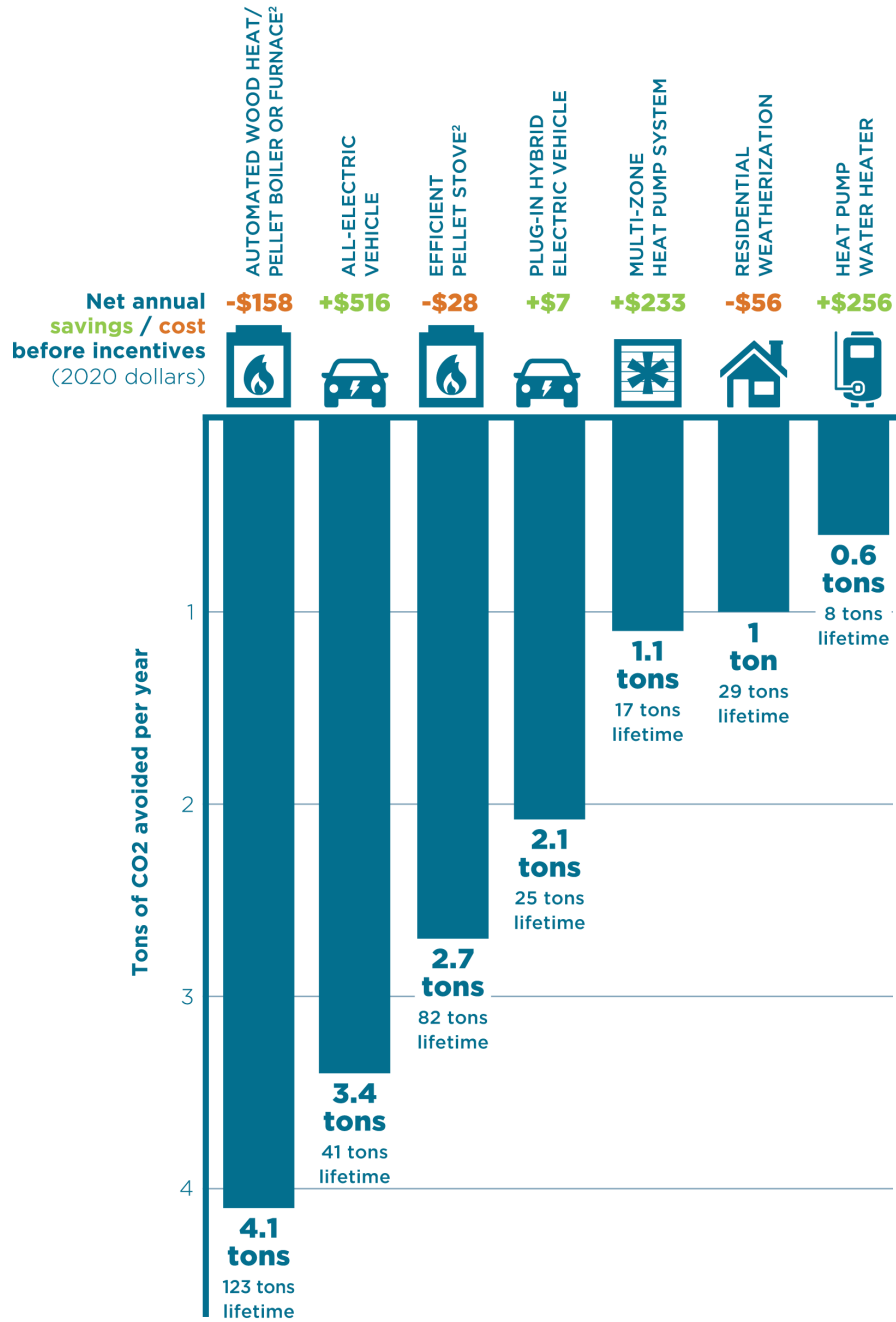
GHG emissions from the electricity sector, consumption based





**Average annual Vermont emissions, per capita:
15.6 tons CO₂e**

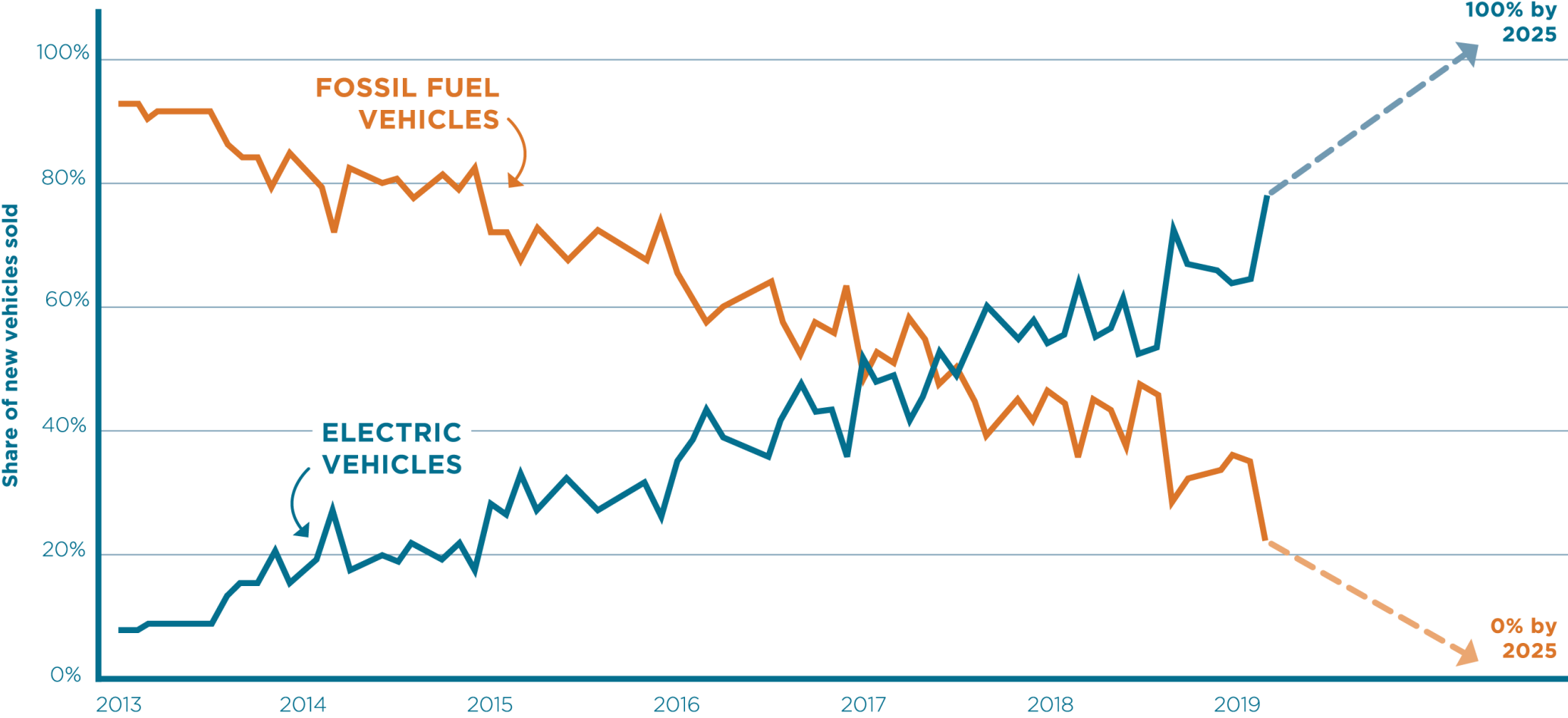




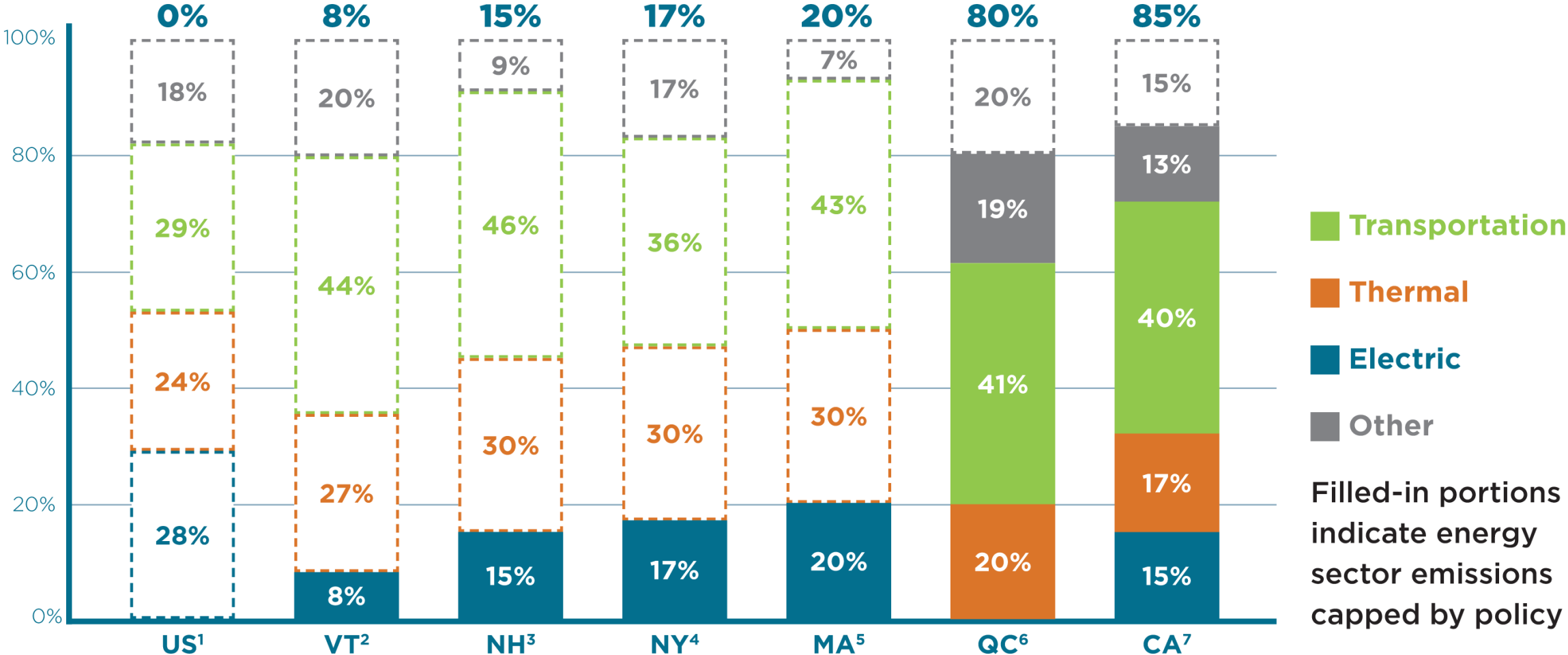
Individual \$ savings and GHG reductions from energy actions



EVs now the majority of new vehicles sold in Norway



Percent of GHG emissions capped by policy, 2016





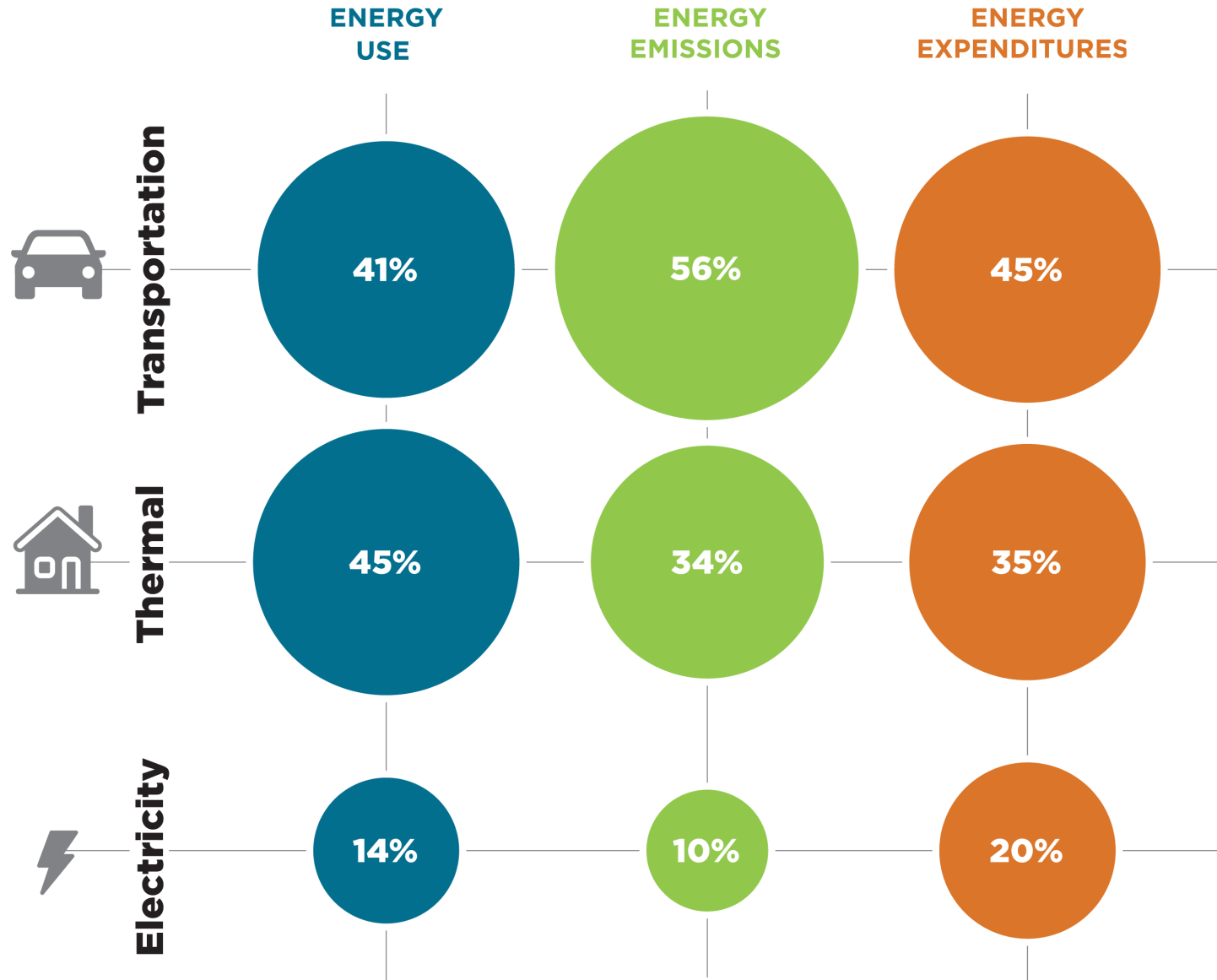
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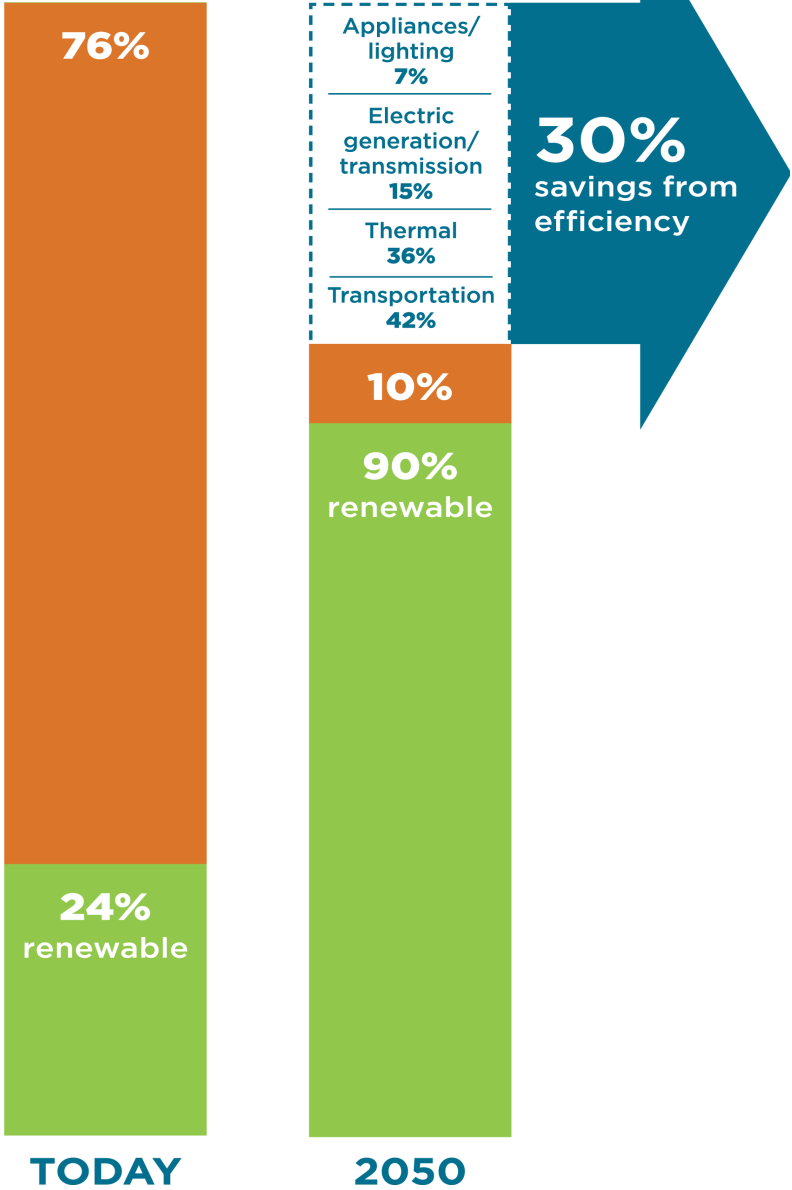
Request printed copies:
cwesley@eanvt.org

Questions:
jduval@eanvt.org

What do we mean by 'total energy'?



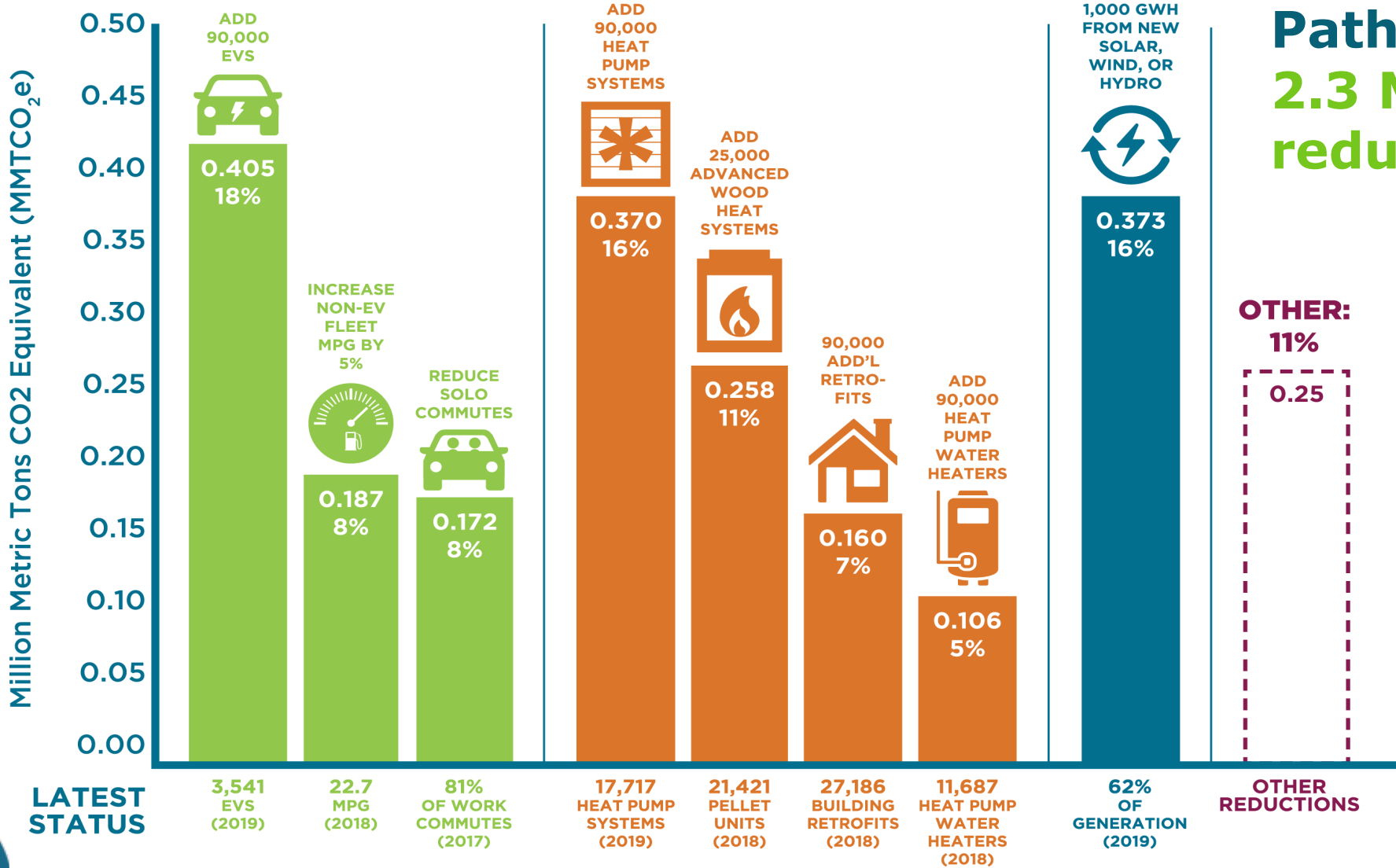
What will it take to reach 90% by 2050?



TRANSPORTATION: 34%

THERMAL: 39%

ELECTRICITY: 16%



Path to Paris:
2.3 MMTCo2e
reduction by 2025

LATEST STATUS

3,541 EVS (2019)

22.7 MPG (2018)

81% OF WORK COMMUTES (2017)

17,717 HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS (2019)

21,421 PELLET UNITS (2018)

27,186 BUILDING RETROFITS (2018)

11,687 HEAT PUMP WATER HEATERS (2018)

62% OF GENERATION (2019)

OTHER REDUCTIONS





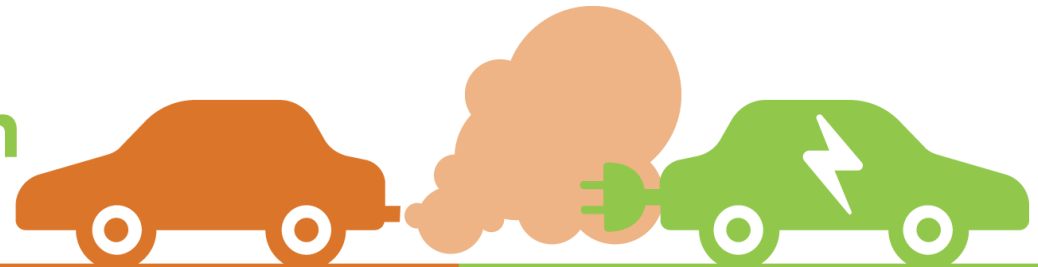
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Gas vs. EV cost comparison over 150,000 miles

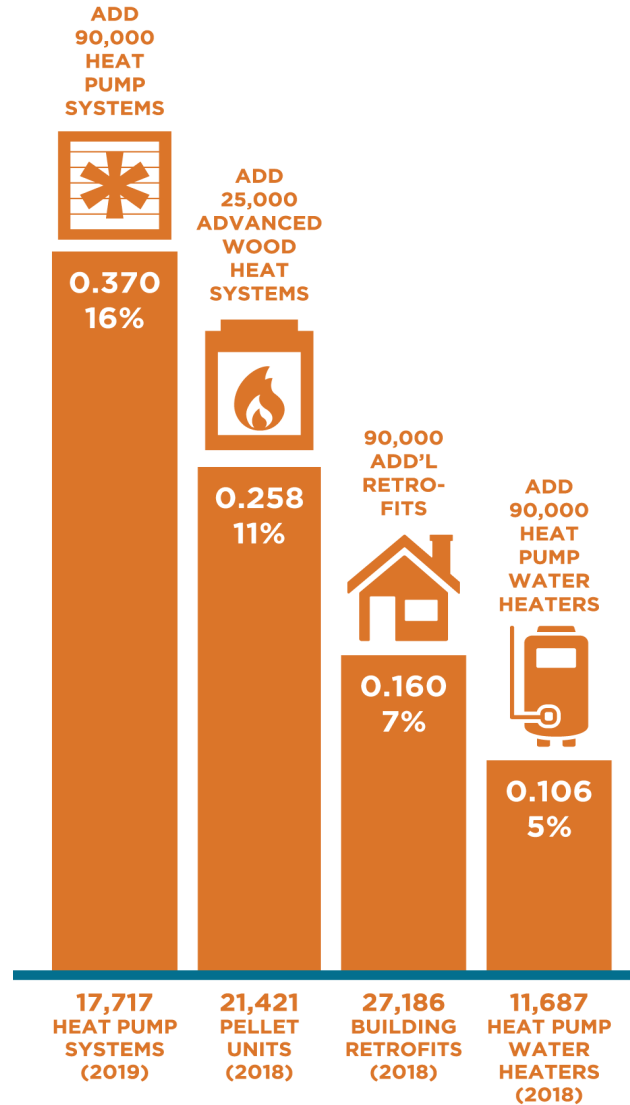


	GAS VEHICLE	ELECTRIC VEHICLE
Fuel	\$17,585	\$9,164
Oil Changes & Filter Replacement	\$900	None
Tire Changes	\$600	\$600
Engine Air Filter Replacements	\$207	None
Cabin Air Filter Replacements	\$273	\$273
Spark Plug Replacements	\$439	None
Coolant Flush and Replacement	\$110	\$110



**2020-2025:
72,500 heating systems
replaced**
(12,500 per year)

THERMAL: 39%



Path to Paris:
90,000 cold climate heat pumps
9,000 efficient pellet stoves
6,000 automated pellet boilers

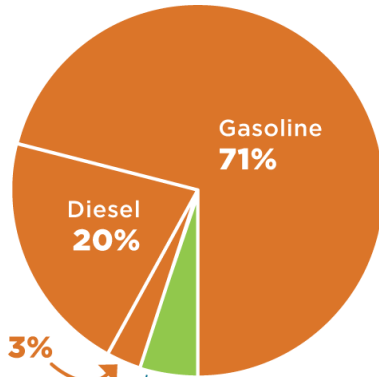




Transportation

48.2 TRILLION BTU

Total site energy
119 TRILLION BTU



Other fuel 3%
Renewable 6%

SITE ENERGY
Renewable sources



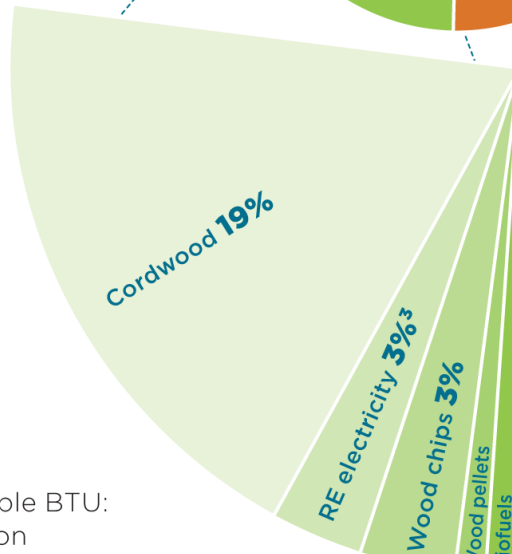
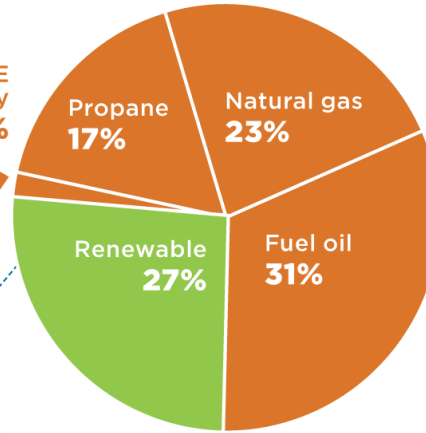
Total renewable BTU:
2.7 trillion



Thermal

54.3 TRILLION BTU

Non-RE electricity 2%



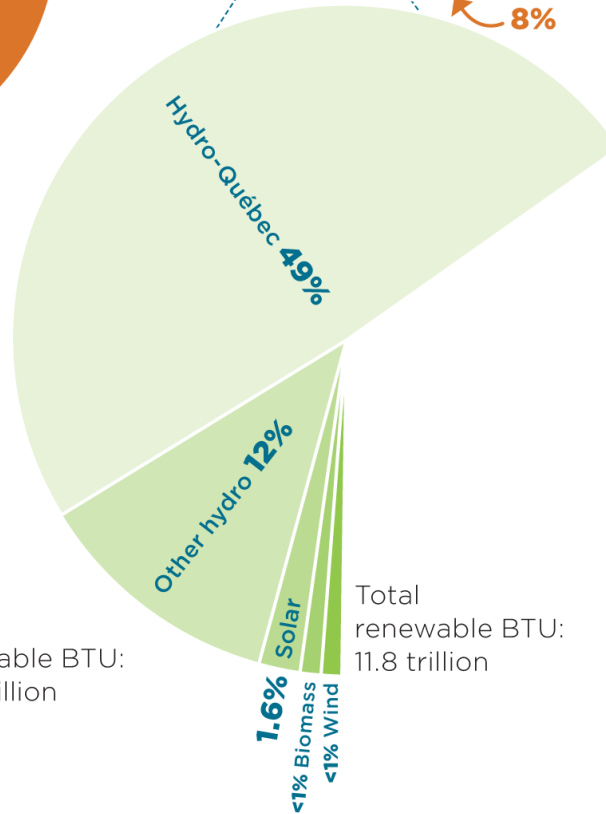
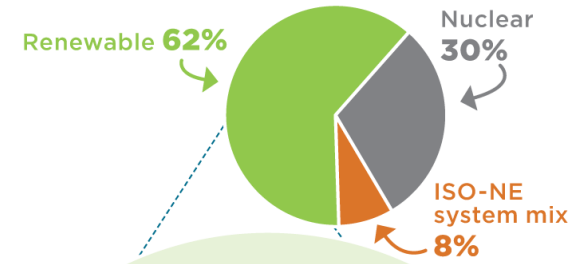
Total renewable BTU:
14.8 trillion



Electricity

16.4 TRILLION BTU

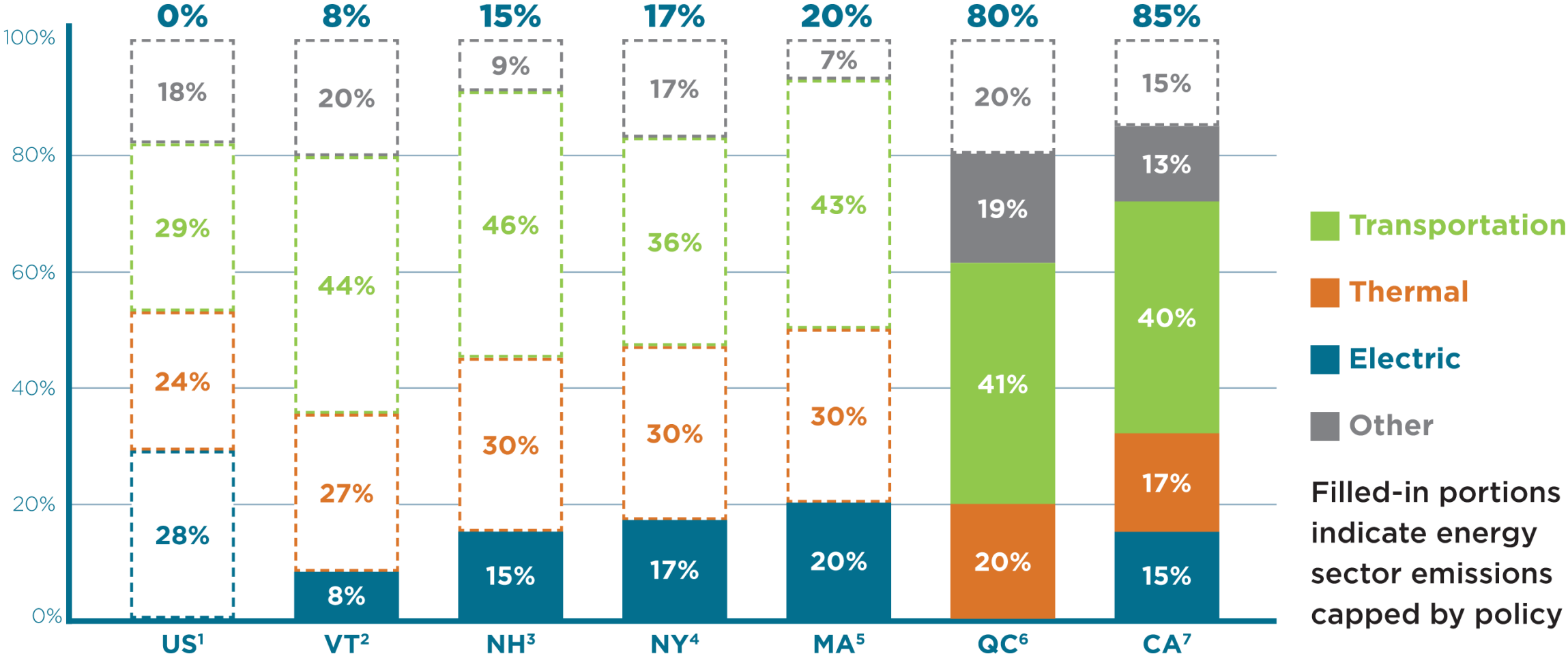
(after accounting for RECs)



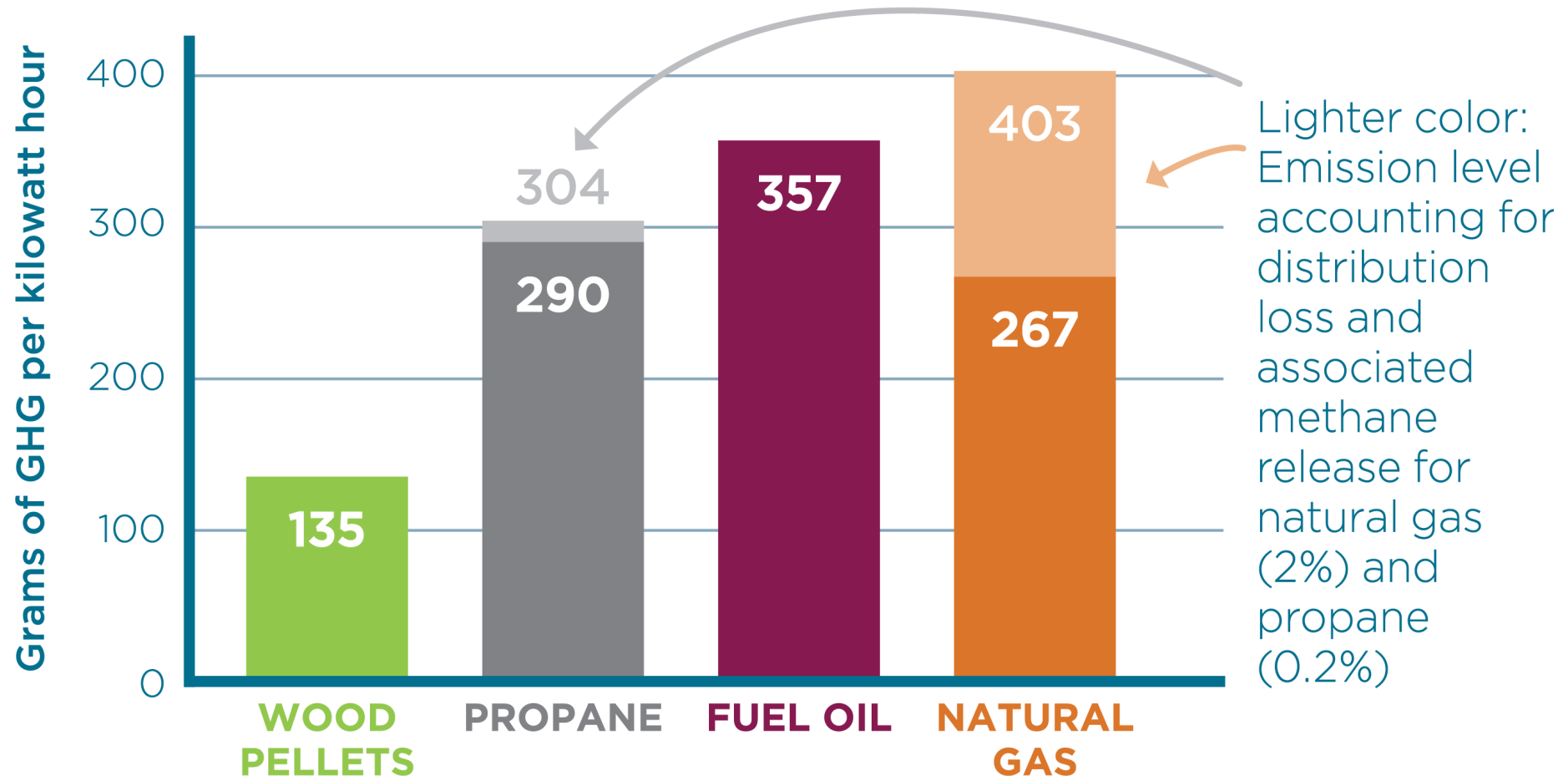
Total renewable BTU:
11.8 trillion



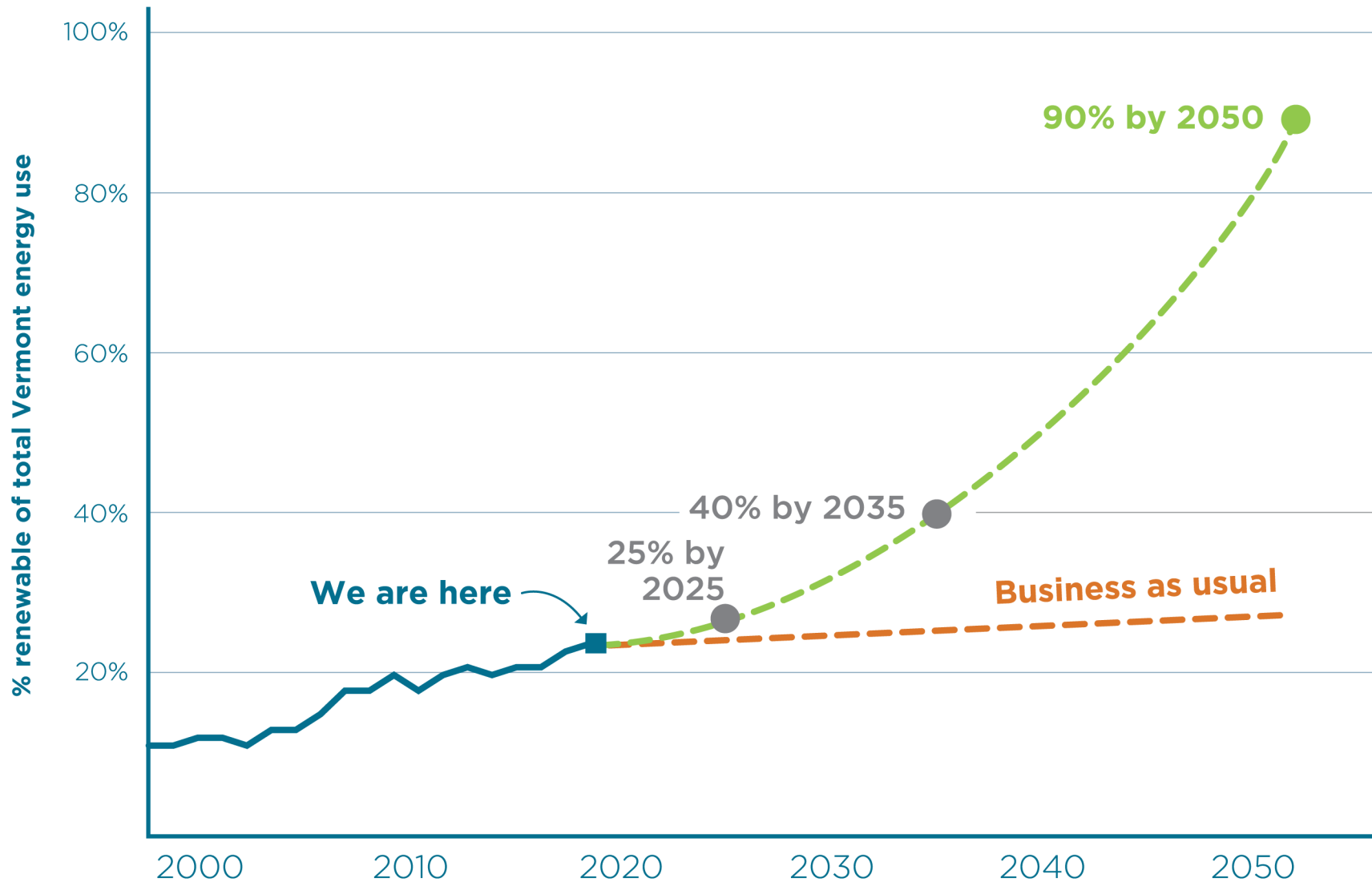
Percent of GHG emissions capped by policy, 2016



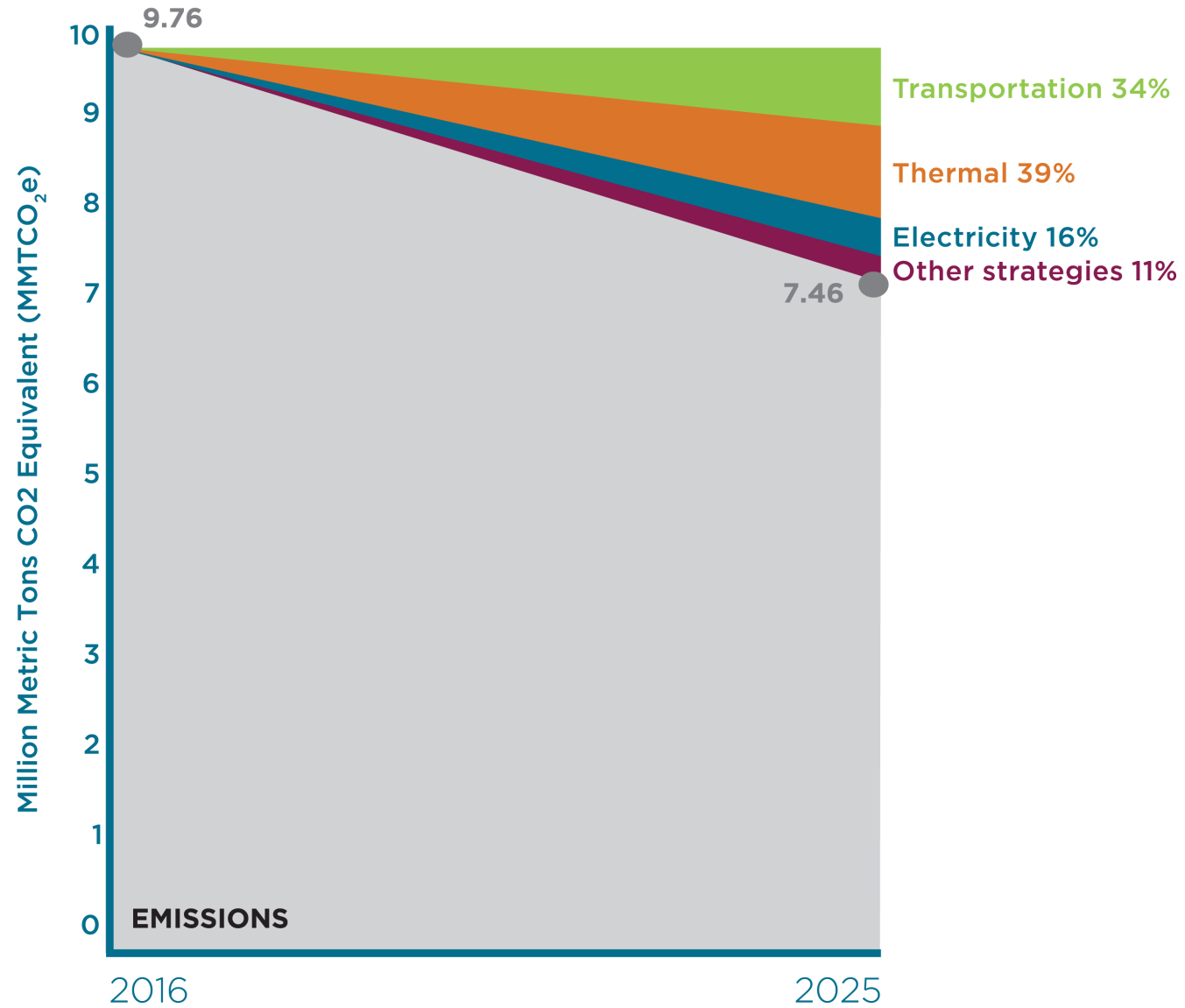
Wood pellets from Northeast cut GHG emissions vs. fossil fuel heating

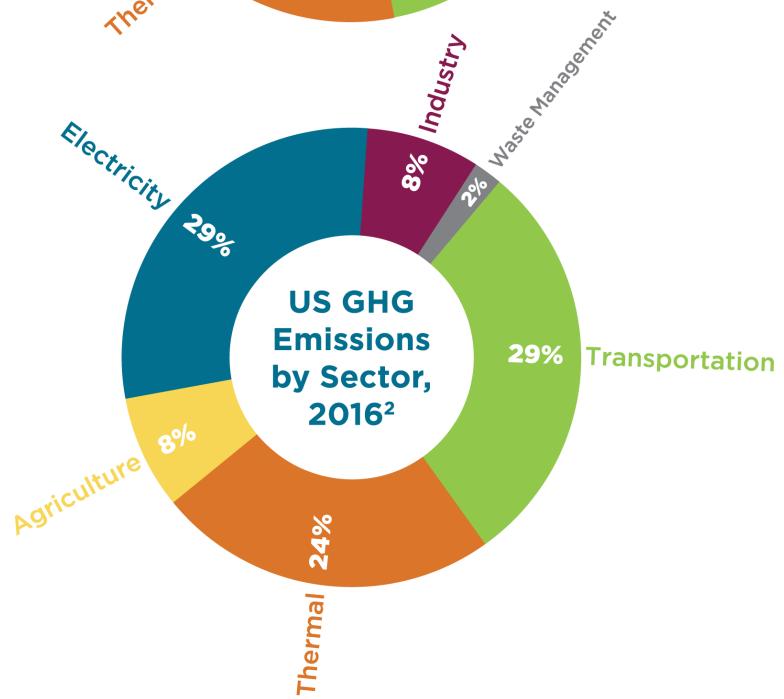
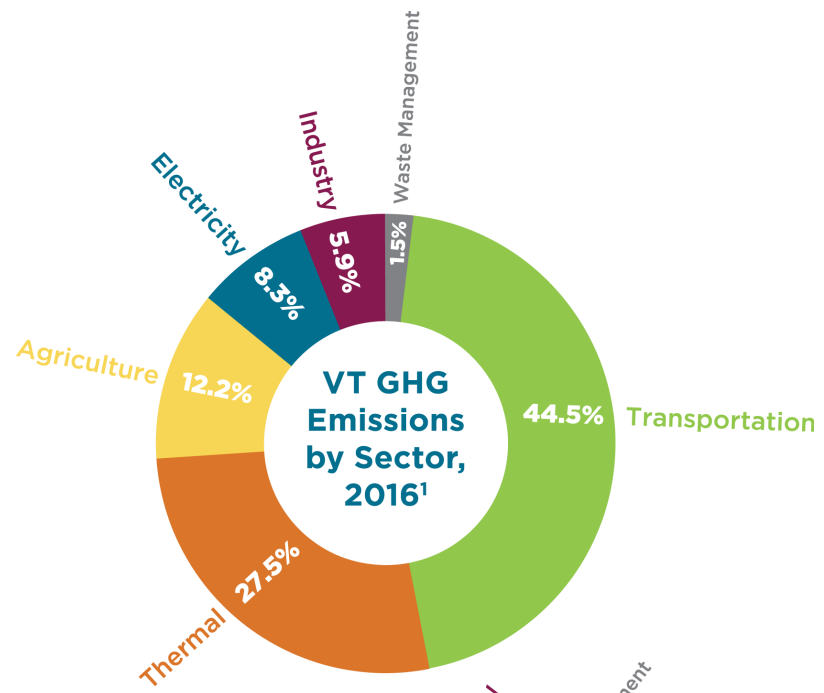


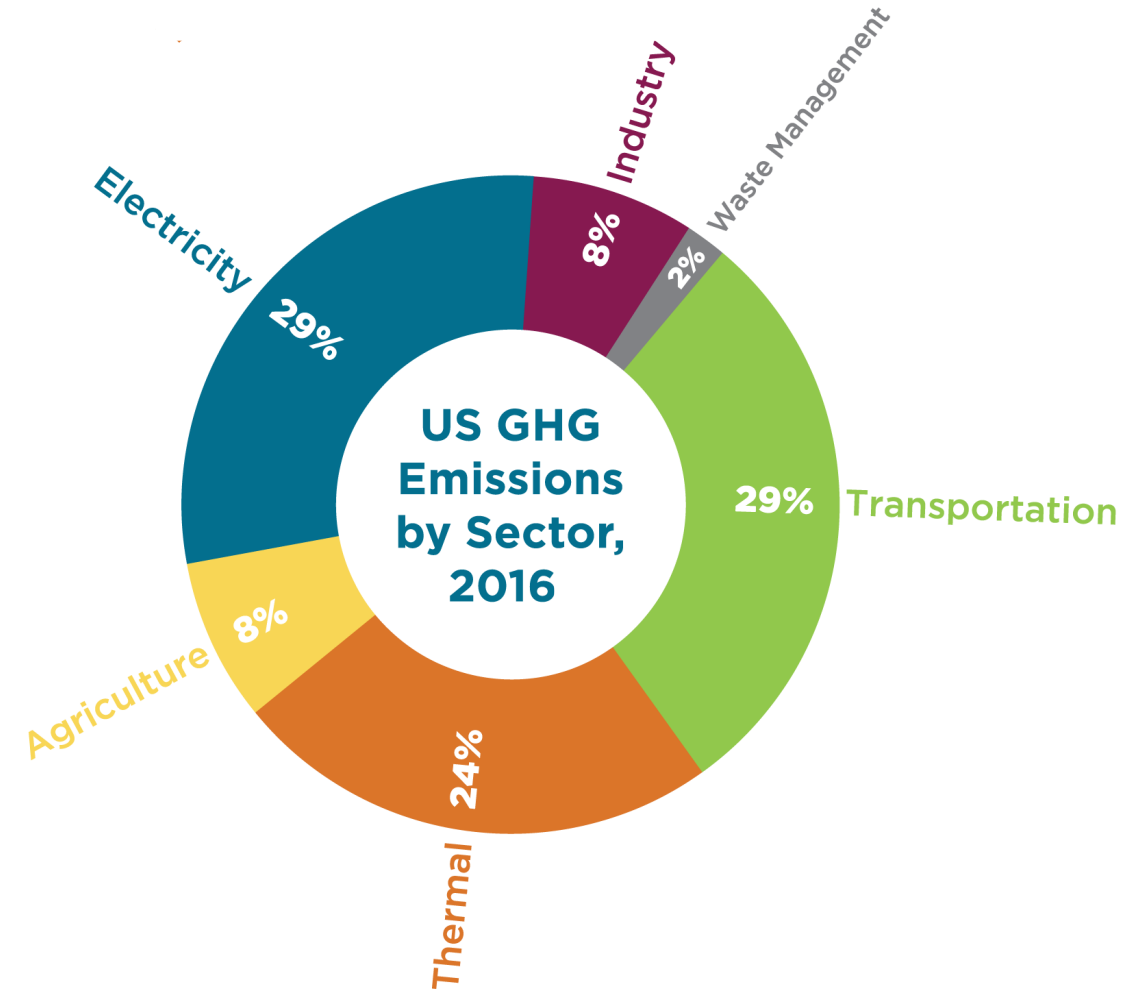
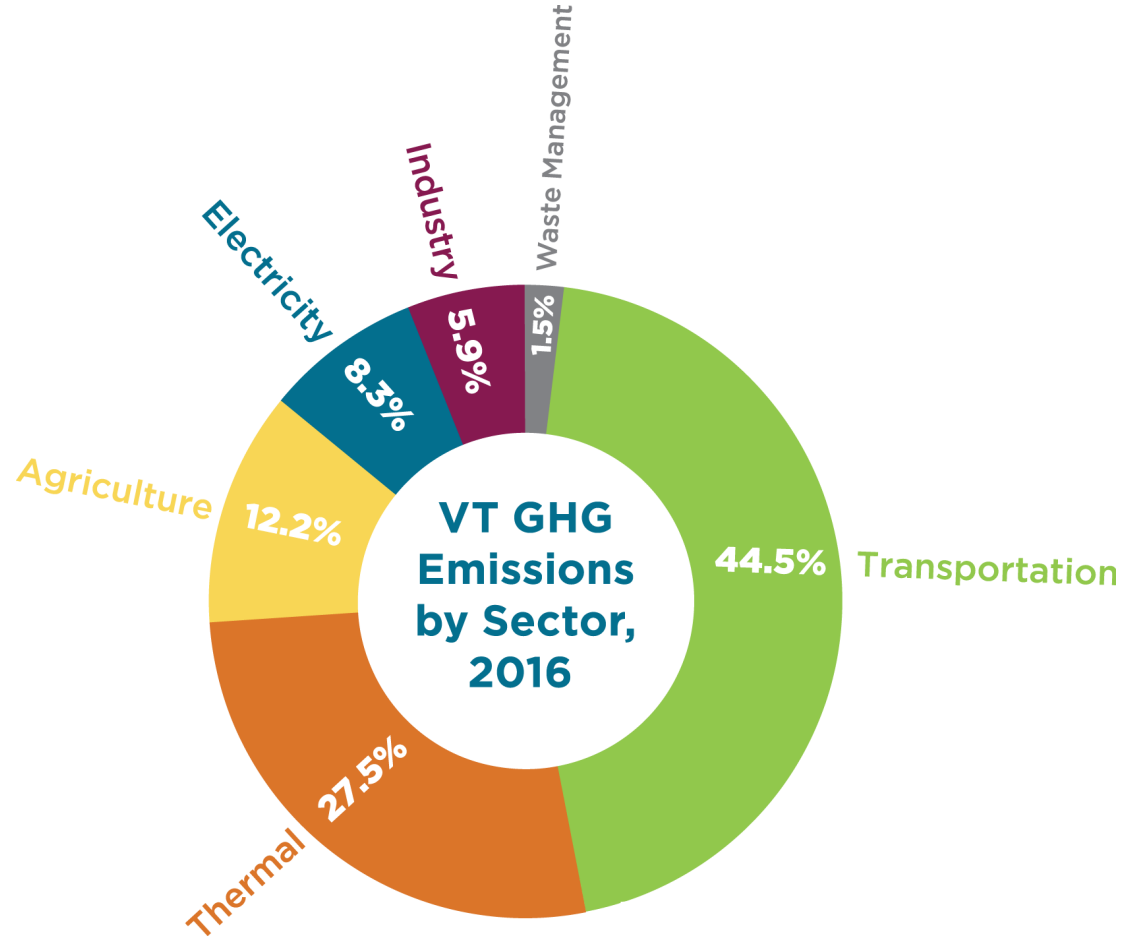
Business as usual will not get us to 90% by 2050

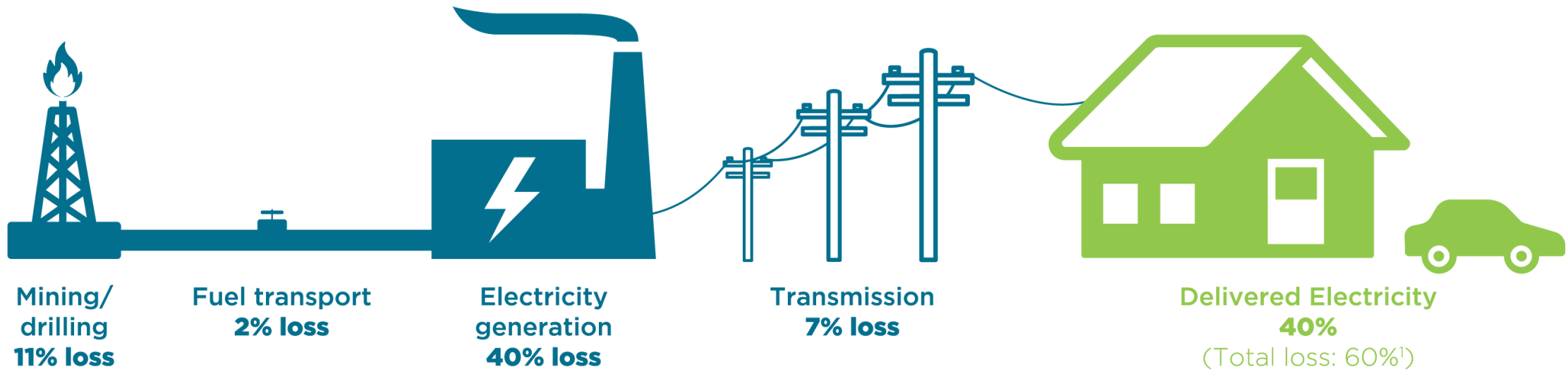


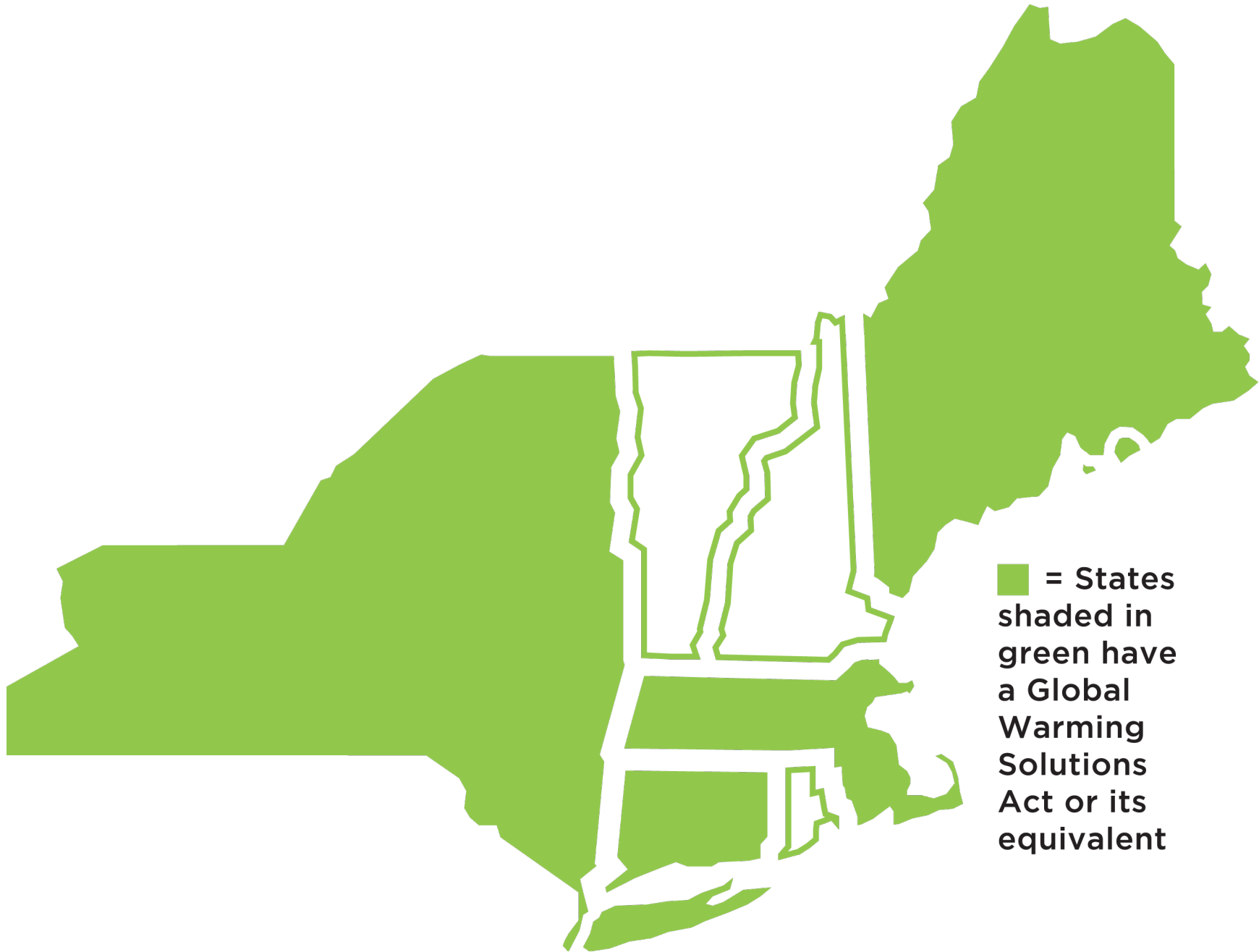
Getting to Paris will require ALL these efforts



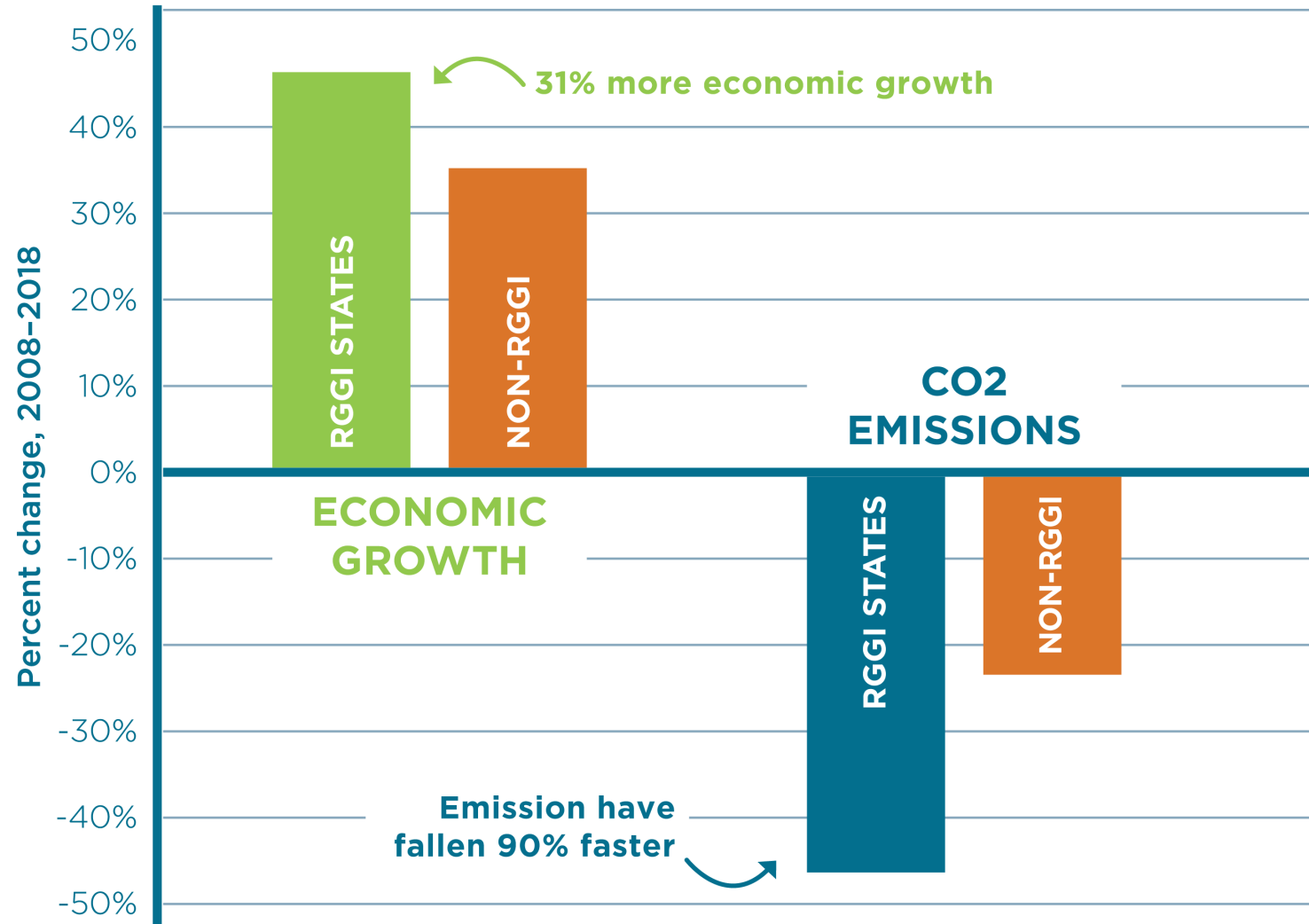








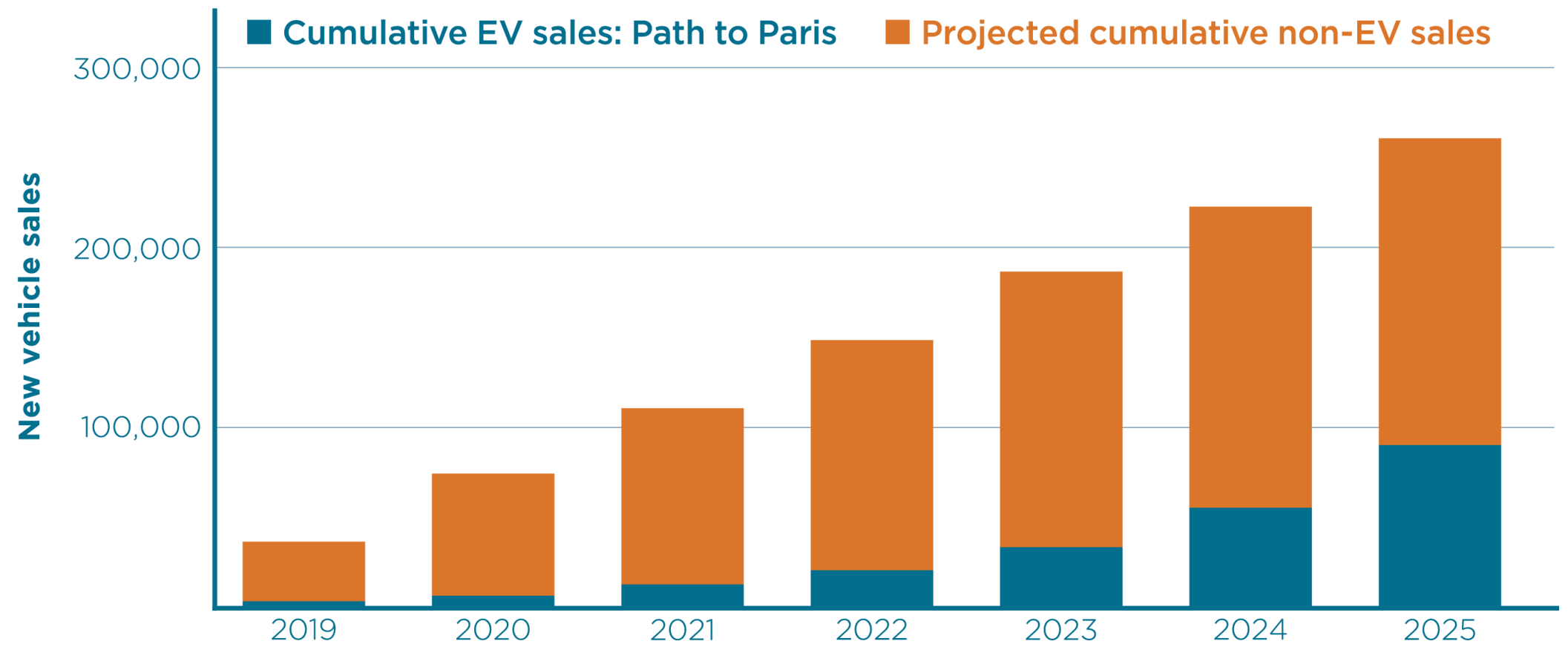
Economic growth & emissions reductions in RGGI states



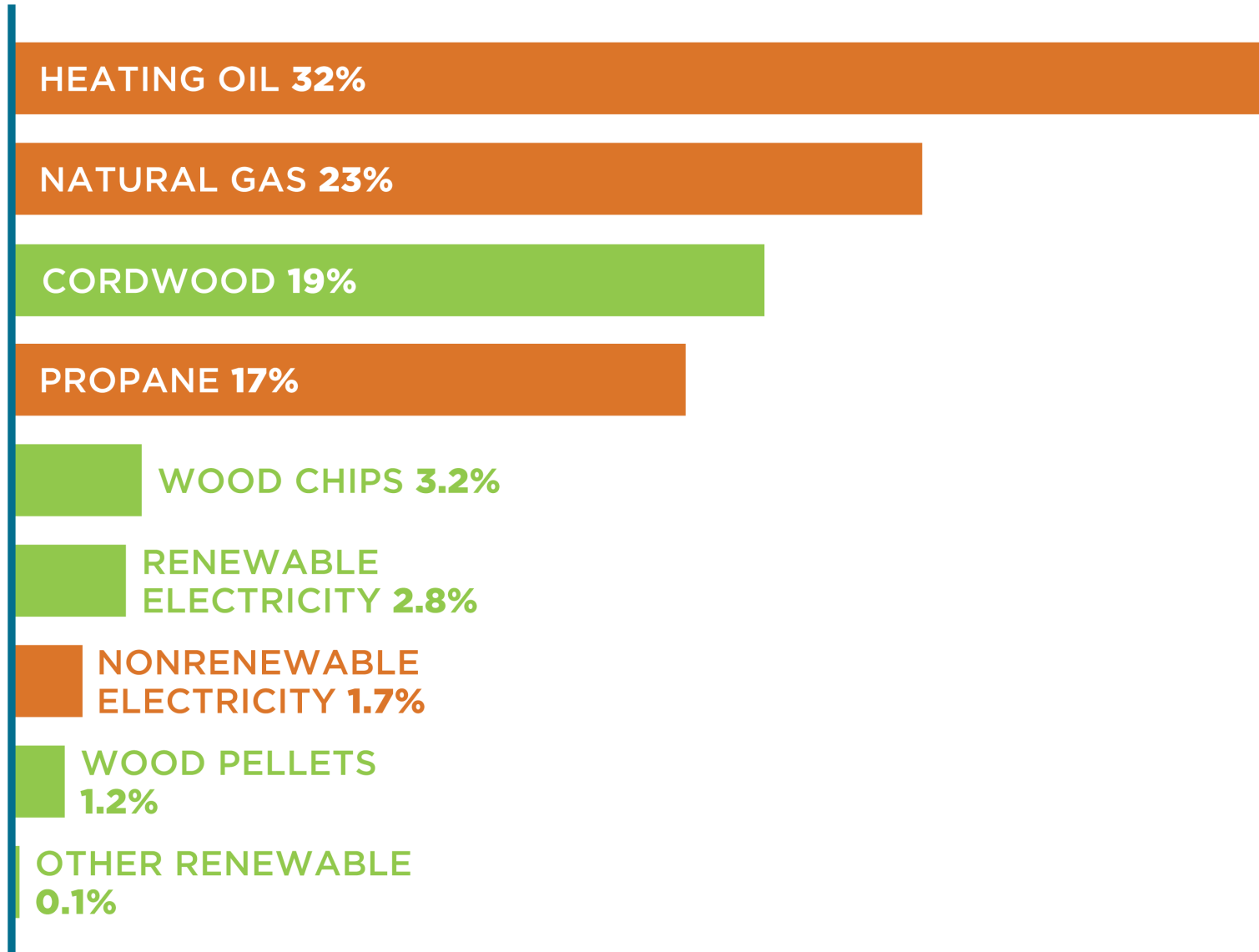
Source: Acadia Center. 2019.

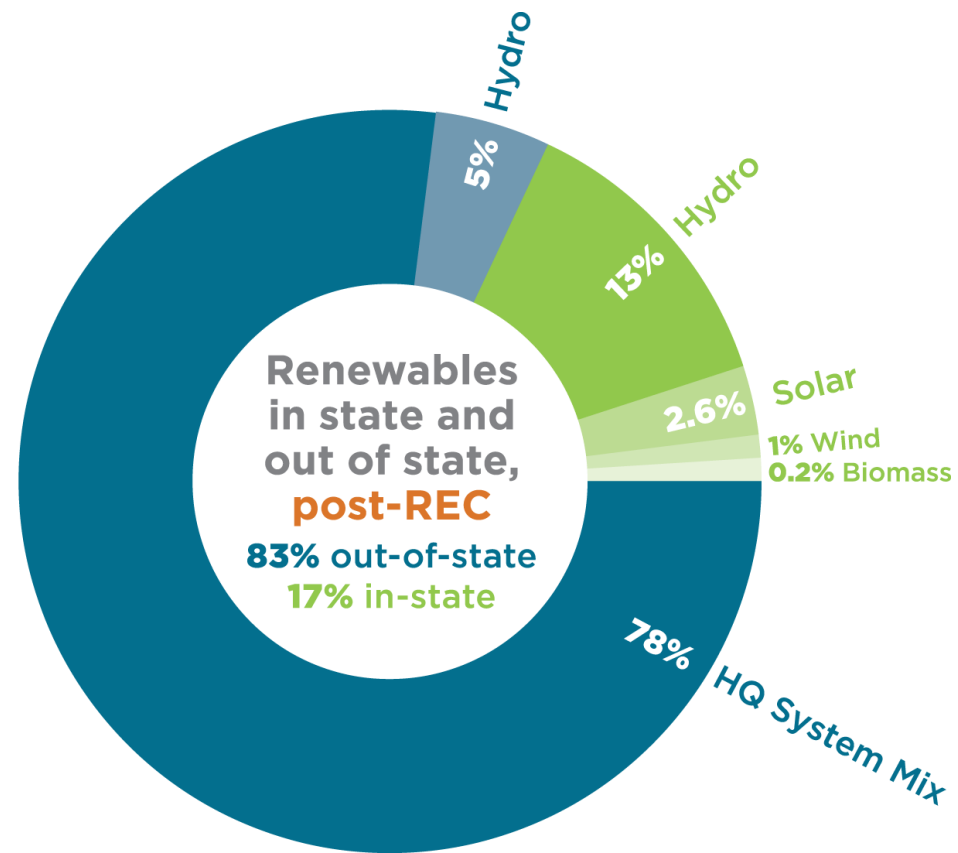
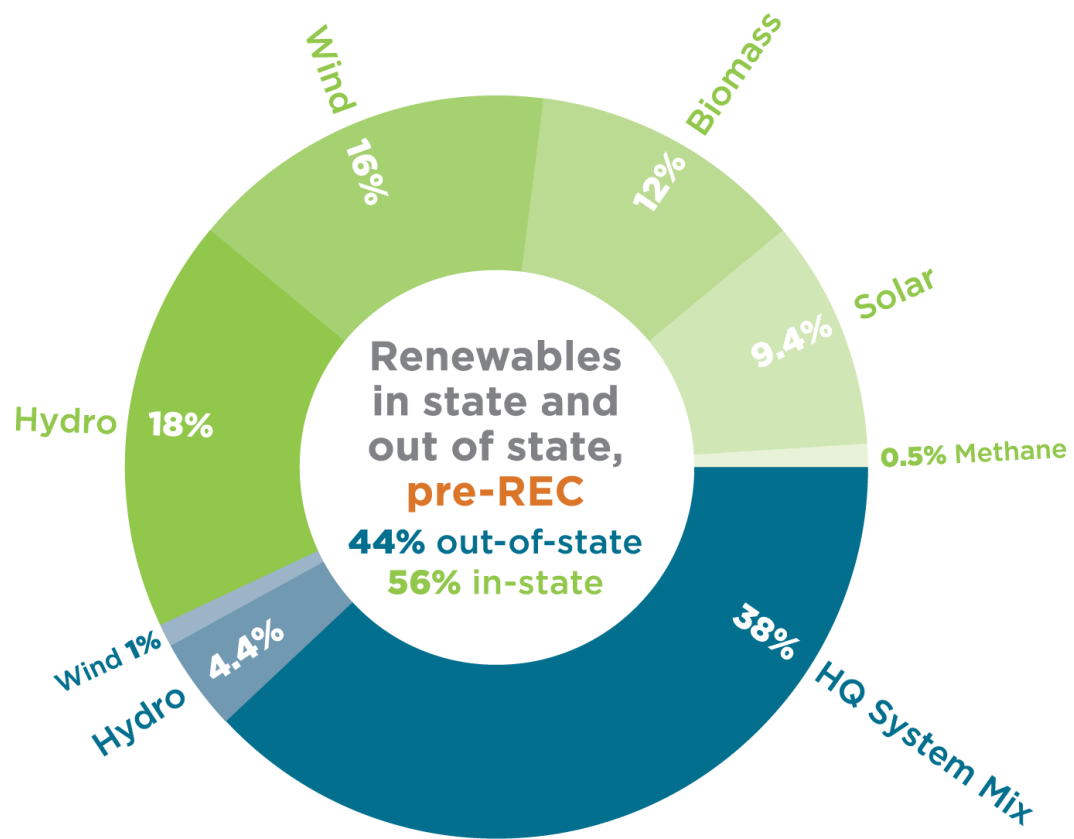


EVs need to make up at least a third of new vehicles sold through 2025

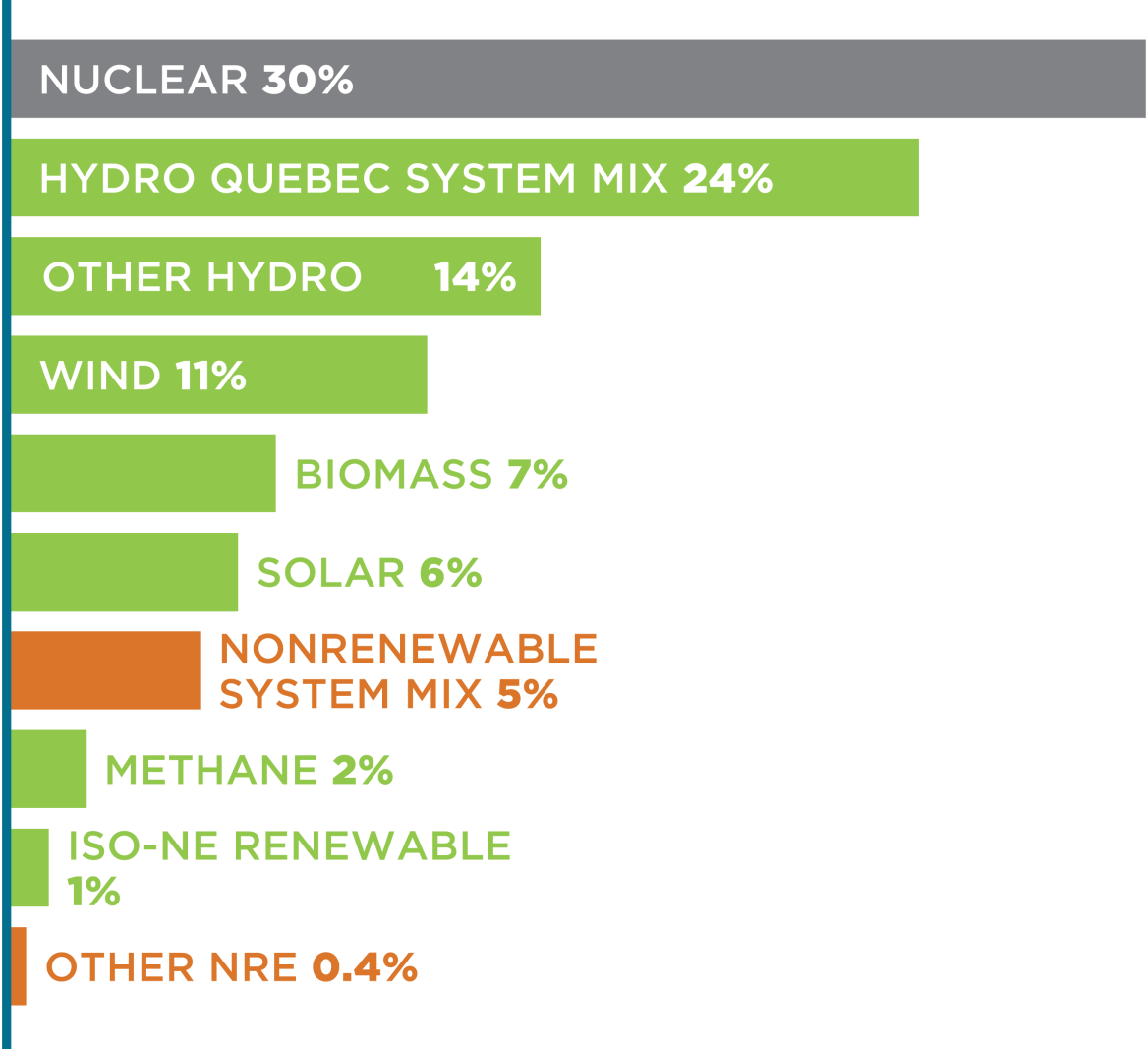


Vermont heating energy sources

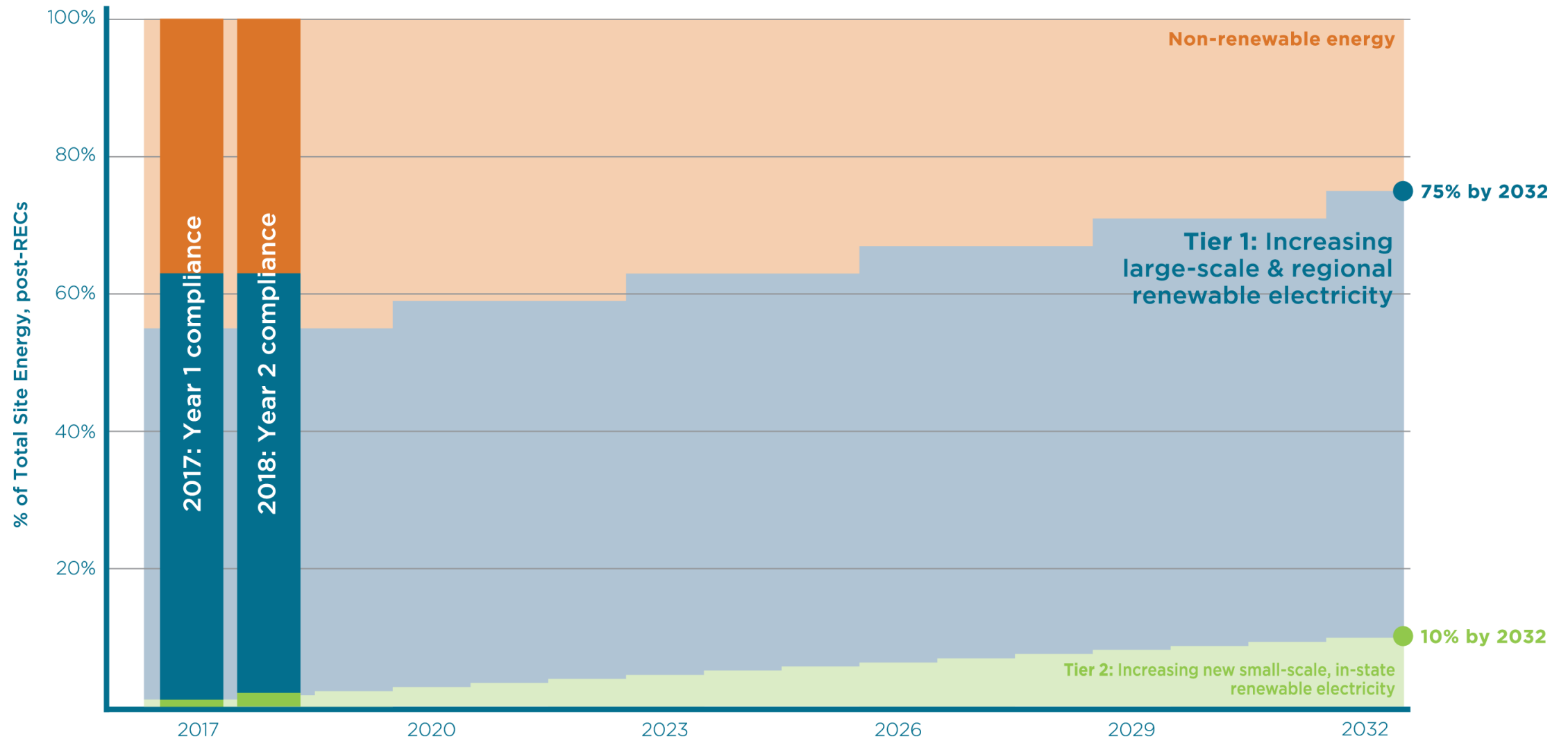


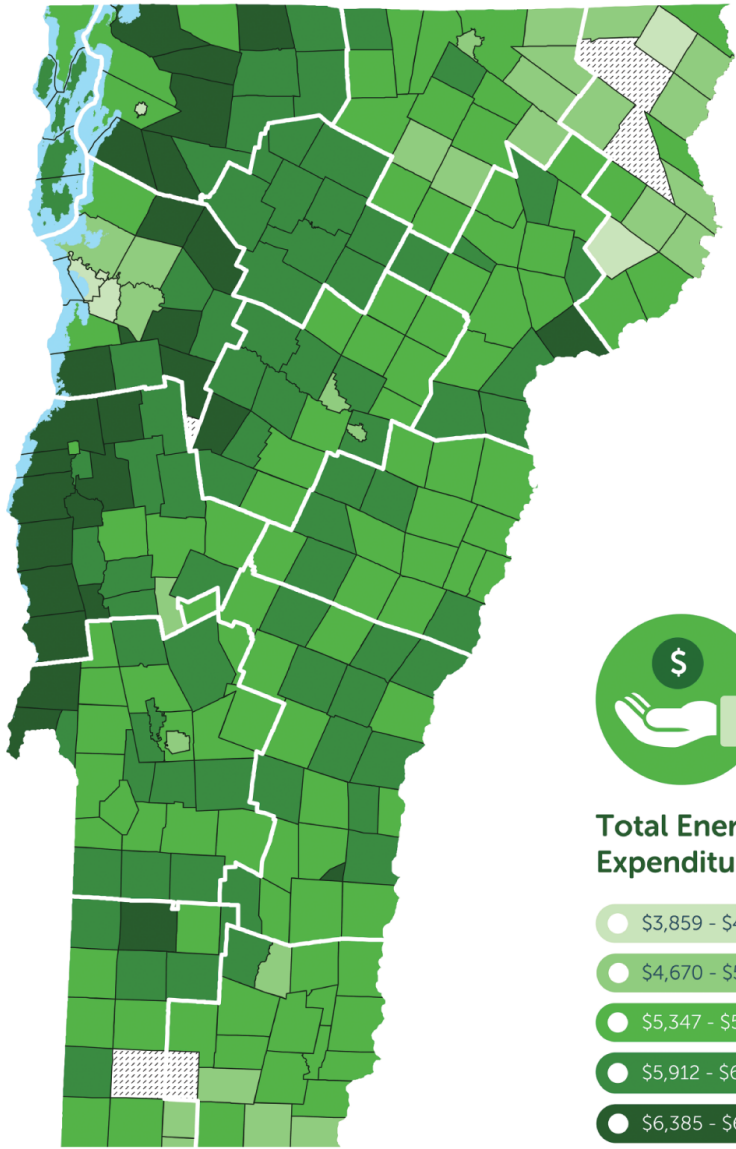


VT electricity generation and purchases 2018, pre-REC



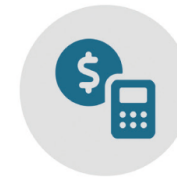
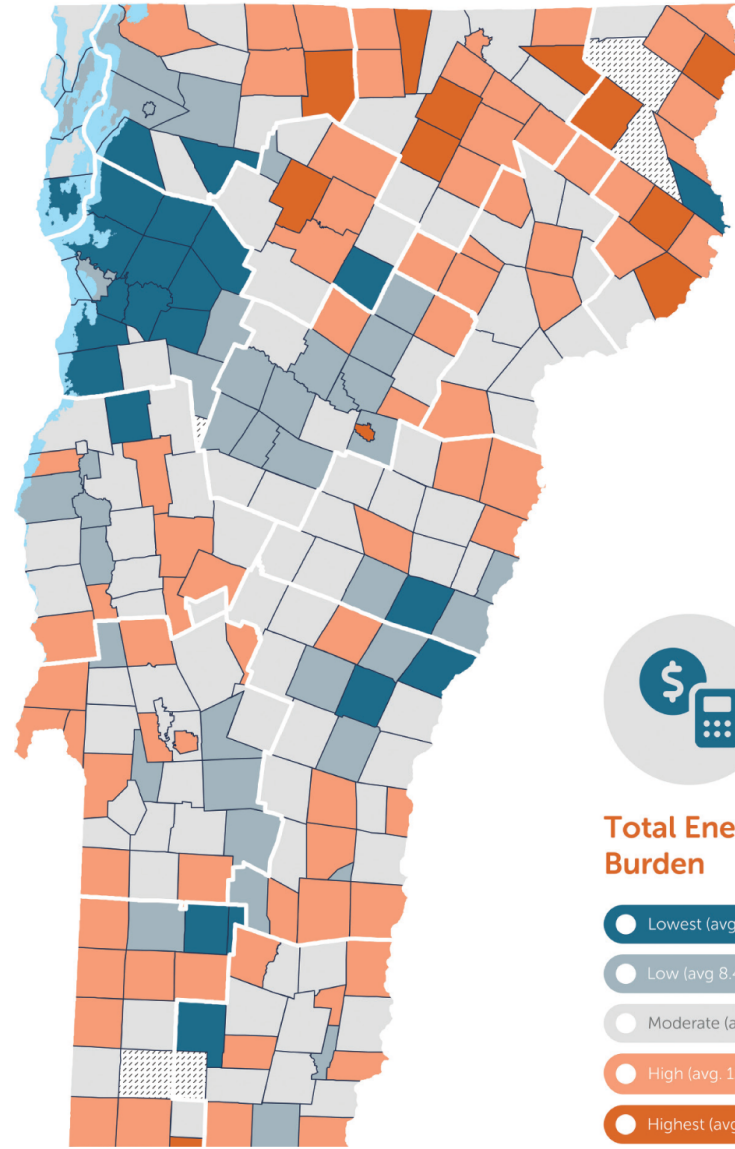
Vermont Renewable Energy Standard targets and compliance





Total Energy Expenditure

- \$3,859 - \$4,669
- \$4,670 - \$5,346
- \$5,347 - \$5,911
- \$5,912 - \$6,384
- \$6,385 - \$6,949



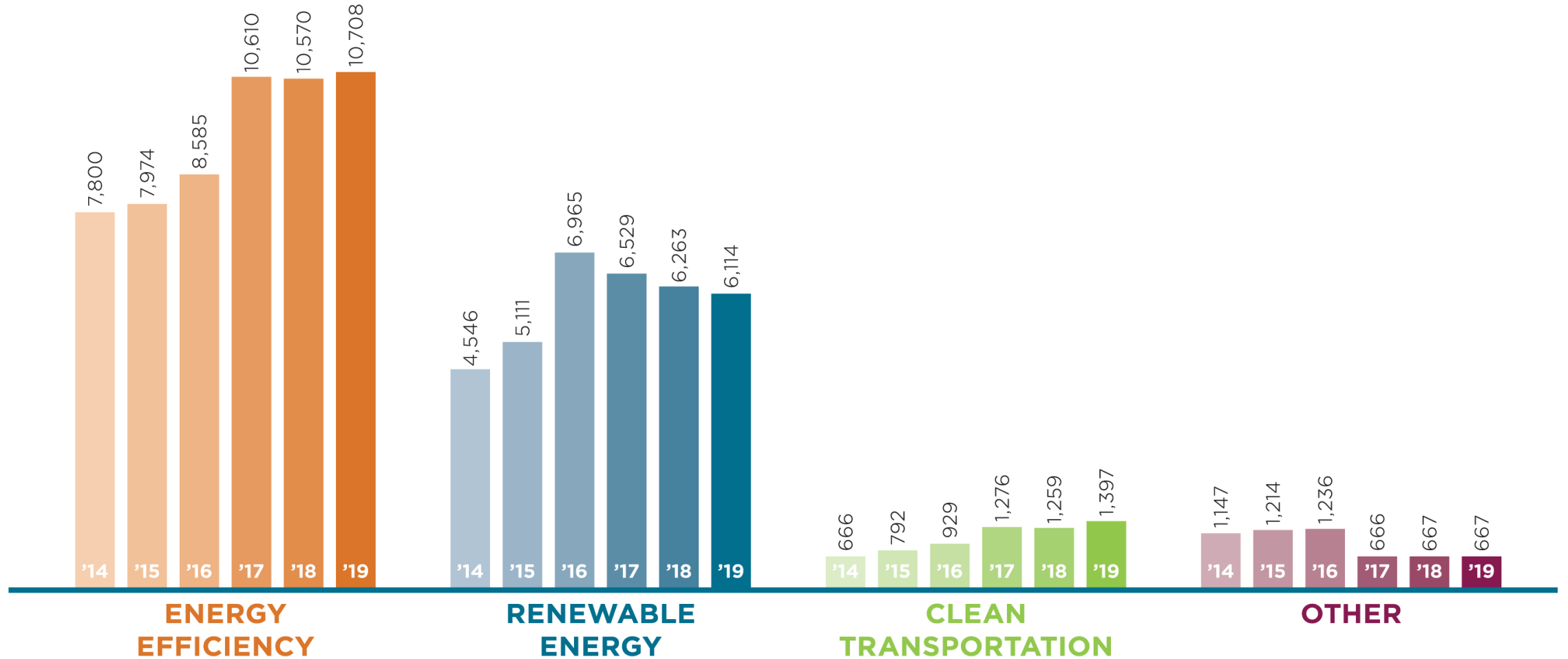
Total Energy Burden

- Lowest (avg. 6.7%)
- Low (avg. 8.4%)
- Moderate (avg. 10.1%)
- High (avg. 12.9%)
- Highest (avg. 17.4%)

Source: Efficiency Vermont



Vermont clean employment growth by technology, 2014-2019



Vermont median hourly wages for clean energy jobs

	RENEWABLE ENERGY			ENERGY EFFICIENCY		
	Entry	Mid	High	Entry	Mid	High
Electricians	\$13.57	\$19.43	\$28.89	\$18.91	\$25.47	\$32.95
HVAC workers	\$13.10	\$20.77	\$32.66	\$18.43	\$25.15	\$35.05
Installation, maintenance, and repair technicians	\$13.10	\$20.77	\$32.66	\$14.84	\$20.72	\$30.23
Sales representatives	\$17.60	\$28.71	\$56.74	\$30.55	\$39.57	\$68.70
Engineers	\$24.99	\$37.21	\$56.61	\$23.78	\$39.38	\$57.98

